The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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FIRST EDITION.

FOREIGN.

The Spanish Government Manufacturing Paper Currency—Carlists Routed—The Pope Alive—Railway Horror in England—Late News from Porto Rico.

SPAIN

Country People Permitted to Remain at their Homes.

MADRID, May 8.—The inhabitants of Gerona, having informed Captain General Velarde that if his order directing the country people to abandon their farms and retire into the cities was annulled, they would rally against the Carlists, the obnoxious order has been annulled.

Paper Currency.

LONDON, May 8.—It is rumored the Spanish Government is manufacturing a large amount of paper currency, which it intends to force into circulation.

Carlists Routed.

MADRID, May 8.—Official dispatches announce the total rout of the Carlist forces under the personal command of Dorregarry.

Railway Trains Stopped.

The railway trains from Bajasta and Andalusia were stopped yesterday by armed men, who robbed the passengers and baggage wagons.

Another Carlist Defeat.

MADRID, May 8.—General Villargus defeated the Carlists at Aves, killing three of their leaders. The victory is regarded as a great blow to the insurgent cause.

WEST INDIES.

The Spanish Party in Porto Rico.

SAN JUAN, April 30.—The leaders of the Spanish party in Porto Rico have ordered their followers to abstain from voting at the coming election for members of the Cortes. The Spaniards will make no nominations.

Appraising the Liberated Slaves.

A Junta has been appointed to appraise the value of the liberated slaves.

Volunteers on Guard.

Volunteers have mounted guard at the palace during the past ten days.

Freedmen Refusing to Work.

It is reported that the freedmen have refused to work on some of the plantations.

ITALY.

Reported Death of the Pope.

LONDON, May 8.—A dispatch from Rome to the *Standard* says that the Pope received the pilgrims from France on Monday against the advice of his physicians, and was very much prostrated after the audience. The same dispatch says that it is generally believed that the Pope is dead, but nothing to confirm this belief has been received in London.

The Pope Still Alive.

ROME, May 8.—The Pope to-day received a deputation from Spain, who brought a large contribution from the faithful. In reply to their address, he exhorted them to take warning from recent events in Spain, and hoped the princes and people would return to Christianity and morality.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Railroad Accident.

LONDON, May 8.—A passenger train ran off the track near Shrewsbury, and dashed down a steep embankment. The carriages were badly wrecked. Four persons were killed and many injured.

The Condition of John Stuart Mill Hopeless.

LONDON, May 9.—A dispatch from Avignon says the condition of John Stuart Mill is hopeless.

GERMANY.

The Emperor Coming Home.

BERLIN, May 8.—The Emperor left St. Petersburg to-day on his return to this city, and is expected to arrive on Sunday.

WEATHER REPORT.

Probabilities for To-Day.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, May 8, 1873.

For the Gulf and South Atlantic States, generally clear weather and higher pressure and temperature.

For the Northwest and thence to the lower Missouri and Ohio valleys, northerly and westerly winds, cloudy and clearing weather, with lower temperature and rising barometer.

From the Lakes and thence to Kentucky and West Virginia, northeasterly and northwesterly winds, cloudy and rainy weather, clearing on Friday evening.

For the Eastern and Middle States, southeasterly and north westerly winds and generally rainy weather.

Cautionary signals continue at Duluth, Milwaukee, Chicago, Grand Haven, Detroit, Toledo, Cleveland, Buffalo, Rochester, Oswego, Norfolk, Baltimore, Cape May, New York, New Haven, and New London, and are ordered for Wood's Hole, Boston, Portland, Maine, and Eastport.

Daily Bulletin.

WAR DEPARTMENT, SIGNAL SERVICE U. S. ARMY
—DIVISION OF TELEGRAMS AND REPORTS FOR THE BENEFIT OF COMMERCE.

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD,
May 8, 1873.—10:48 P. M.

[Observations taken at the same moment of time at all stations.]

Place of Observation.	Thermometer.	Direction of Wind.	Velocity of Wind.	State of Weather.
Cincinnati, O.	61	W	6	Clear.
Cairo, Ill.	65	S E	6	Cloudy.
Davenport, Iowa.	55	Calm	0	Cloudy.
Fort Gibson.	53	W	6	Clearing.
Indianapolis, Ind.	59	Calm	0	Fair
Keokuk	56	N	0	Cloudy.
Leavenworth, Kan.	56	N	0	Light rain.
Louisville, Ky.	63	Calm	0	Fair.
Memphis, Tenn.	69	S	0	Cloudy.
Nashville, Tenn.	65	Calm	0	Fair.
New Orleans, La.	71	SE	0	Fair.
Omaha, Neb.	54	N	0	Cloudy.
Pittsburgh, Pa.	53	SE	0	Cloudy.
Shreveport, La.	76	SW	0	Fair.
St. Louis, Mo.	63	NE	0	Cloudy.
St. Paul, Minn.	40	N	0	Cloudy.
Vicksburg, Miss.	77	S	0	Fair.

BOSTON.

Total Abstinence Enforced.

BOSTON, May 8.—The State Constables are going about the city to-day serving notifications suited to the various grades of liquor sellers. Wholesale dealers are not interfered with, but bar-room keepers are notified to close at once on pain of prosecution. Ale dealers, wholesale and retail, are warned against selling over the bar. The eating-house keepers are asked what they sell, and if the answer is "ale, porter and cider," a caution against giving their customers anything stronger is imposed upon them. Hotel keepers manifest a disposition to take no notice of the edict, and small dealers only vary their form of answering the calls of thirsty customers. The principal brewers will hold a meeting to-night, and it is reported that a proposition will be urged to send their stock out of the State and suspend manufacturing.

OBITUARY.

Oakes Ames.

BOSTON, May 8.—Oakes Ames died at 9:20 to-night.

He died peacefully, surrounded by the members of his family. The funeral takes place on Sunday.

Annual Session of Bishops of the M. E. Church South.

NASHVILLE, TENN., May 8.—Bishops Marlon, Payne, Peirce, Kay, Doggett, Writman, Kavanaugh and McTyie, of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, are in annual session in the buildings of the Southern Methodist Book Concern in this city. They are proceeding actively with their church business, and will probably adjourn by the session by the 12th inst. The Board of Trust of the Vanderbilt University is also in session, and will determine this week whether to locate the same in Nashville or Edgefield.

Counterfeiters of Nickel Coin Arrested.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., May 8.—A Deputy United States Marshal arrived in this city this evening with two prisoners, arrested in Chico county, charged with counterfeiting nickel currency. It seems that section of the State has been flooded recently with this counterfeit coin, and these men were detected in the act of counterfeiting. A third one of the gang was arrested, but he attempted to escape, and was shot and dangerously wounded.

Grand Jubilee Concert in Chicago.

CHICAGO, May 8.—Arrangements have been completed for a grand jubilee concert to be held in the immense new depot of the Michigan Southern and Rock Island Railroad depot in this city, during the first week of June. The concert will be under the leadership of B. S. Gilmore, of Boston Jubilee fame, and the performers will number between two and three hundred. The building will be comfortably seated and provided with all necessary accessories, and will accomodate an audience of 40,000 people.

Marine News.

NEW YORK, May 8.—Arrived: The steamer Washington from Brest, and Algeria from Liverpool.

QUEENSTOWN, May 8.—Arrived: The steamship Italy, from New York.

CINCINNATI.

Arrival of the Body of the Late Bishop McIlvaine.

CINCINNATI, May 8.—The body of Bishop McIlvaine arrived this morning, and was conveyed to his late residence in Clifton. To-morrow morning early he will be taken to St. Paul's church, where, at eleven o'clock, it will be removed in procession to Christ church, where the funeral services will be performed. In the evening Right Rev. Bishop Lee, of Delaware, will preach the funeral sermon. Quite a large attendance of clergy from abroad is expected. Bishop Hellmuth, Lord Bishop of Huron, is here, with his Secretary; also Archdeacon and Canon Balch. A large number of the Ohio clergy have already arrived.

The Musical Festival.

This has in all respects been the great day of the Musical Festival. The rain continued at intervals during the forenoon, but indications clearing up brought large numbers who had remained home in attendance. Fully two thousand persons were present this afternoon, and to-night the audience numbers seven thousand. Large numbers were compelled to stand, and were even taken to the space in the rear of the chorus and organ.

The afternoon was largely devoted to the chorus from the public schools and the Cincinnati orchestra, under their conductor, Mr. Brand, the original orchestra of Theodore Thomas not participating. The children who were to sing with their teachers, who also participated, numbering fifteen hundred, occupied the seats erected for the chorus. They consisted of five hundred girls, soprano; three hundred girls, second soprano; one hundred boys, second soprano; four hundred boys, alto, and teachers and scholars of the high schools, numbering two hundred scholars, consisting of a mixed chorus.

A large curtain was drawn entirely across the parquette, shutting the children from view until the time for the commencement of the exercises. At a quarter past two the curtain was suddenly removed, revealing a spectacle of rare interest. The arrangement was such that every face could be seen. The girls were clad in white, wearing either pink or blue sashes, and occupied the seats nearest the audience. The revealing of this spectacle was the occasion for great applause.

An overture to "Euryanthe" was followed by the "Morning Hymn" and "See the Conquering Hero Comes" by the chorus, under the direction of Charles Aiken, of the public schools. The remainder of the exercises were by the children, interspersed with arias and duetts, in which Mrs. Dexter and Misses Whitney and Valley participated, and by occasional instrumental pieces. The chorus was executed in a most creditable manner. The children sang in excellent time. The parts were well balanced, and the whole was kept in hand quite equal to the chorus which had been delighting the audience the day before. The audience was composed of a large representation of the friends of the public schools, and the partial hearers readily became enthusiastic in their applause.

"America" and "Star-Spangled Banner" awakened intense enthusiasm. In the latter the solo was sung by thirty select voices, and the entire schools united in the chorus with tremendous effect, many persons rising in their seats.

At the conclusion there was prolonged cheering.

To-night the great feature was the "Muth Symphony," by Beethoven. Its fame and highly classical nature, and the difficulties in the way of successful execution, had awakened great interest, and doubtless largely contributed to the immense audience in attendance. The liability, too, to failure produced anxiety, which the musicians felt to some degree. But was neither a failure nor the semblance of it. There was neither break nor balk from first to last. It was a splendid triumph, claimed by the foreign musicians as the greatest musical achievement in the history of this country. The interest of the audience throughout was intense. The most singular quiet prevailed at the time, but was broken by applause. The scene which followed the close baffles description. The applause exceeded the most enthusiastic political meeting. Loud cries were made for Thomas, who had disappeared. The whole audience seemed to demand his presence. At last he appeared, first taking a position on the platform, and finally ascending to the conductor's stand. This was the signal for tremendous cheering, the ladies waving their handkerchiefs. Such an ovation was never before tendered by a Cincinnati audience.

Mrs. Smith, Miss Cary, Mr. Varley and Mr. Rudolphson participated in the solos and quartets, and received compliments. But this, and the admirable rendering of the overture, aria and chorus, "O Isis and Osiris" and the "Chorus of the Priests," which opened the evening's entertainment, together with Schuman's "Gipsey Chorus," were all overshadowed by the enthusiasm which the highly successful production of the greater work had awakened. It should be stated, too, that Otto Singer, who has been drilling the Cincinnati chorus, came in for a good share of applause, loud calls being made for him after Mr. Thomas had retired.

To-morrow night closes such exercises as takes place in the Hall. The indications are that the attendance will be equal to-day, if not greater. The "First Walpurgis Night," by Mendelssohn, is the chief attraction. The festival closes on Saturday with an open air concert in Lawood park. Facilities have been provided to seat five thousand persons, and the most complete arrangements for the preservation of order and comfort of the guests during the day and evening.

THE RIVERS.

OBSERVATION, SIGNAL SERVICE U. S. A.,
Pittsburgh, Pa., May 8, 1873.

Daily report of the stage of water, with hanges in the 24 hours ending 3 P. M., May 8th, 1873:

	ABOVE LOW WATER.		CHANGES.			
			Rise.		Fall.	
	ft.	in.	ft.	in.	ft.	in.
Cairo	32	0	00	9	00	9
Cincinnati	37	0	4	6	00	0
Davenport	11	9	00	4	00	4
Fort Benton	4	6	00	5	00	0
Keokuk	11	9	00	4	00	0
Leavenworth	0	2	00	0	50	0
Louisville	11	11	1	5	00	0
Memphis	3	0	00	5	00	0
Nashville	34	10	0	0	5	2
New Orleans	3	0	00	0	00	1
Omaha	6	10	0	0	00	2
Pittsburgh	9	0	0	00	00	00
St. Louis	19	0	00	3	00	0
Vicksburg	39	5	00	0	00	1
Shreveport	14	1	00	0	00	4
Oil City	1	5	00	0	00	0
Freeport	4	0	00	0	00	11
New Geneva	7	0	00	0	00	00
Confluence	3	6	00	7	00	0
Herman	5	10	00	2	00	0
Lexington	5	2	00	0	00	1
Brunswick	20	1	1	0	00	0
Kansas City	11	4	00	0	00	0
Marietta	16	10	00	0	3	4
Evansville	23	1	1	1	00	0

JAS. B. MURRAT.
Observer Sig. Ser. U. S. Army.

CINCINNATI, May 8.—River 37 feet; rising. Arrived—Camella, Tennessee river; Wilmington, Memphis; C. B. Church, New Orleans; Andes, Wheeling. Departed—Emperor, Marietta. Weather fair and pleasant.

ST. LOUIS, May 8.—Arrived—James Donnell, Arkansas river; Belle Memphis, Memphis; Belle La Crosse, St. Paul; Genesee and Crescent City, New Orleans; Johnson, Keokuk; Gilmore, Mound City; La Belle, Red river; Marble City, Vicksburg. Departed—Johnson, Keokuk; Alaska, Pittsburgh; Muscatine, Galena; Grafton, La Salle; Colorado, Vicksburg; Rock Island, St. Paul. River rising slowly. Cloudy and warm. The wrecking boat Eckert has been sent to the wreck of the John Kyle, and it is thought she can be raised with but little trouble. Some of her deck load has been saved, but the freight in the hold will be badly damaged or lost. Capt. Bernard, agent of the St. Louis underwriters, started to-day for the wreck. The Kyle was insured for about $46,000 in Cincinnati, Pittsburgh and Wheeling offices. Her original cost was $100,000. Had she not sunk she would have changed owners to-day in exchange for a New Orleans packet and $30,000.

LOUISVILLE, KY., May 8.—River rising; 11 feet 9 inches in canal; 9 feet 9 inches in chute; 78 feet under bridge. Partially cloudy and pleasant, Freight scarce. Business dull. Arrived—Charmer, Henry Probasco and City of Augusta, Cincinnati; N. J. Bigley, Pittsburgh; Warner, St. Louis. Departed—Charmer, Evansville; Diamond and Probasco, Memphis; City of Augusta, White River; Mary Houston, New Orleans; Kanawha, Pittsburgh.

EVANSVILLE, May 8.—Chiefly cloudy and warm; heavy rain this morning; prospects of more to-night; mercury 60 to 76. River rises 2 feet. Down—J. Dingell, 9 P. M.; Bowling Green, 9 A. M.; Mary Ament, 1 P. M.; Morning Star, 3; Silver Thorn, 5. Up—Arkansas Belle, 8 A. M.; Fayette, 9; Ironsides, 11:20; Geo. Johnson and Cricket, 12; Florence Lee, 2 P. M. Business dull.

CAIRO, ILLS., May 8.—Arrived—Emma Elliott, Vicksburg, noon; Ed. Hobbs, St. Louis, 1 P. M.; Liberty No. 4, Nashville, 4; Grand Tower, St. Louis; Sir Alfred, Evansville, 5 P. M. Departed—Elliott, St. Louis, 1 P. M.; Hobbs, Pittsburgh, 1; W. H. Brown, St. Louis; T. F. Eckert, Vicksburg, Grand Tower, Memphis, 7. The Eckert goes to raise the sunken John Kyle. River rising 5 inches. Cloudy; mercury 74.

MEMPHIS, May 8.—River rising slowly. Clear and pleasant. Arrived—Alice Brown, Cairo; Pat Rogers, Cincinnati; Mary Boyd and J. E. Rankin, Arkansas river. Departed—Emilie La Barge, Henry Ames and Chester, St. Louis; Pauline Carroll, New Orleans; City of Helena, Vicksburg.

NEW ORLEANS, May 8.—Arrived—Leytonia and barges, Cincinnati; Kellogg and barges, St. Louis; Carrie V. Kountz, Arkansas river. Departed—Lawrence, Cincinnati. Clear and warm.

VICKSBURG, May 8.—Down—Yeager and Susie Silver. Up—Ruth, Fannie Lewis, Sam J. Hale and barges and Julia. Clear and pleasant. River stationary.

NASHVILLE, May 8.—River falling; fourteen feet on shoals. Arrived—Gracy, from Cairo. Departed—Brandford, for upper Cumberland. Warm and cloudy.

Railway Train Thrown Off the Track.

LOUISVILLE, KY., May 8.—This evening as No. 7 passenger train for Cincinnati over the Short Line Road was passing Woodlawn station, seven miles from this city, it was thrown from the track by a switch which had been moved by some malicious persons. The engineer and firemen were slightly injured. Nobody else was hurt, though the engine, baggage car, two passenger and one sleeping coach were thrown off.

SECOND EDITION.

Four O'Clock.

NEW YORK.

The Late Chief Justice Chase.

ALL BUSINESS SUSPENDED AT THE COURT HOUSE.

The Treasury Without Funds—Anniversary Celebration at Rev. Dr. Chapin's Church—Stokes' Counsel Threatened—The Strike of the Horse-Shoers Extending.

NEW YORK, May 8, 1873.

The Deficiency in the Treasury.

The decision of the Court of Appeals deciding unconstitutional the law of 1872 levying a tax of 3½ mills on the taxable property of the State to supply the deficiency in the Treasury, deprives the Treasury of upwards of seven millions of dollars of revenue, and leaves the Comptroller no constitutional means of meeting the current demands.

Chief Justice Chase.

A large number of friends of Mr. Chase called at the house of Mr. Hoyt, his son-in-law, last night and this morning, desiring to take a last look at the body and offer words of condolence to the mourners.

Dispatches were received to-day from General Sherman, ex-Secretary of the Navy Gideon Wells, and other prominent persons, saying they will be present at the funeral.

The face presented a natural appearance and no token of acute suffering. A perceptible smile still lingers about the features, as though he had passed away with pleasant thoughts and without pain. Rev. Mr. Meredith, in the Chief Justice Chase had been in the habit of constantly reading or having read to him a work called "Worth of the Soul, and Other Sermons."

The following gentlemen have been thus far chosen to act as pall bearers: John J. Cisco, General Sherman, Wm. M. Evarts, Hamilton Fish, General McDowell, Hiram Barney, Gideon Welles, Charles O'Connor, Wm. Cullen Bryant, and Caleb Cushing.

It is understood Mr. Chase was worth at the time of his death from $150,000 to $200,000. In a will made about two years ago he bequeathed a considerable sum to Dartmouth College and the University for Colored People at Worthington, Ohio. It is not known, however, whether the the terms of this will have been changed by later codicils.

Business at the Court House to-day was generally suspended, owing to the adjournment of nearly all branches of the Supreme Court and Court of Common Pleas out of respect to the memory of Chief Justice Chase. In the United States Court remarks were made on the deceased jurist by District Attorney Bliss, Wm. M. Evarts, Judge Woodward and others, and an adjournment taken. The Court of General Sessions also adjourned.

The Board of Aldermen this afternoon adopted appropriate resolutions on the death of Chief Justice Chase. The Chamber of Commerce will hold a special meeting to-morrow to take appropriate action.

The remains of Chief Justice Chase will lie in state in St. George's church, in this city, from 8 A. M. to 1 P. M. on Saturday. This change has been rendered necessary in consequence of family arrangements. At three o'clock on the same afternoon the funeral services will take place, as already announced. The remains will reach Washington Sunday morning, and will lie in state at the residence of Senator Sprague during Sunday, and on Monday they will lie in the Metropolan M. E. church, where an opportunity will be afforded to friends to view the remains. Services will be held in the church on the same afternoon after which the interment will take place.

During the day telegrams expressive of condolence were received from various prominent public men. President Grant telegraphed, regretting his inability to attend the funeral. Governor D. E. Noyes, of Ohio, sent the following dispatch:

Ohio profoundly mourns the death of Chief Justice Chase. All hearts are filled with tender, heartfelt sympathy for his bereaved family. A great man has fallen, and the nation is in sorrow.

[Signed.] EDWARD E. NOYES,
Governor of Ohio.

The Labor Troubles.

The strike of horse-shoers employed by the railroad and stage lines has extended to most of the companies. The Eighth, Third, Sixth, and Seventh avenue lines have employed nonsociety men.

The Crispins threaten to strike in sixteen shops, which have just been classified, unless an advance in wages is conceded. The lady Crispins, of which there are a large number, strike next week. The Crispins in Brooklyn strike to-morrow.

Bleakley Sentenced.

The trial of Robert P. Bleakley, for the murder of his niece, Mary Anne Foley, *alias* Maud Merrill, was concluded this afternoon, when the jury, after two hours' consultation, gave a verdict of "guilty of murder in the second degree." Bleakley was then sentenced to imprisonment for life in the State's prison.

The Mayor's Nominations.

A large crowd was at the City Hall this afternoon awaiting the announcement of the Mayor's nominations. The Board of Aldermen took up the nominations made by the Mayor last Monday, and confirmed them all, the vote in several cases being unanimous.

Anniversary Celebration.

A quarter of a century having elapsed since Dr. E. H. Chapin assumed the pastorate of the Fourth Universalist Society, the event was appropriately honored yesterday in the church, and Dr. Chapin was presented with ten thousand dollars.

Anniversary of A. and F. C. U.

The anniversary of the American and Foreign Christian Union was held to-day. The Treasurer's report shows the receipts for the past year to be $135,430, and the disbursements $119,633.

Stokes to be Re-Sentenced.

Stokes will be brought before the Supreme Court, General Term, on Monday next, to be resentenced.

Stokes' Counsel Threatened.

Los Passos, one of Stokes' counsel, received a letter to-day threatening him with direct evils if he persisted in carrying the case of his client to the Court of Appeals.

Resignation of Gen. McClellan.

Gen. McClellan sent a communication to the Department of Docks this afternoon, resigning his position as Chief Engineer.

German Immigration.

Since January 1st, 26,895 Germans arrived at Castle Garden.

UTAH.

Brigham Young on the Indian Troubles.

SALT LAKE, May 8.—Yesterday the Omaha *Herald* correspondent interviewed Brigham Young, and obtained his views of the Indian question. Brigham said that in 1847 he settled in this country with one hundred and forty souls, and for thousands of miles around the land was infested with hostile Indians, that he gained their friendship, and by acting honorable with them and never stooping to deception kept it, that the hostility of the Indians had been augmented by robberies committed by unscrupulous agents, that they had lost all faith in the honor and integrity of Government officials, that the Modocs did to the Commissioners just what they thought was being endeavored to be done to them, and that peace should be made at any cost, otherwise the entire west would be embroiled in general warefare.

When the correspondent asked Young if he endorsed President Grant's Indian policy, Young replied: "I endorse no policy so far as it corrects abuses and tends to a lasting peace and to the civilization of the Indians." Young said an Indian war would destroy the commerce, capital and immigration between Missouri and the Pacific coast, and retard the settlement of the country for 20 years, which would in itself be a great calamity.

Wholesale Murder in Kansas.

PARSONS, Ks., May 8.—Eight dead bodies, including one child eighteen months old, have been found under the house of the Bender family, thirteen miles west of here, in La Bette county, near which the body of Senator York's brother was found. The Bender family left the country about two weeks ago, but the excitement is so great and the determination to bring the guilty parties to justice so strong that no efforts will be spared to effect their arrest.

—At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Indiana and Illinois Central Railway, held at the office of the company in Indianapolis, the following Directors were elected: Henry B. Hammon, New Orleans; Henry Hilton, New York; Chancery Vibbard, New York; H. C. Moore, St. Louis, Chas. Dana, New York; Wm. H. Guion, New York; Benjamin E. Bates, Boston; Henry Lewis, Philadelphia; George M. Pullman, Chicago; A. S. Roach, Indinapolis; E. M. Benson, Montesuma; Thomas H. McCaughley, Tuscola; Jno. K. Warren, Decatur. H. B. Hammond was re-elected President. There remain five days of grace to lay to complete the road from Montesuma to Decatur, Ill., a distance of eighty-five miles.

—The Lane Theological Seminary in Cincinnati held its thirty-seventh Commencement anniversary on Thursday. Addresses were made by the graduating class. Prof. Henry Smith, of the Seminary, delivered the parting address to the class, and Rev. T. Y. Pierson, of Detroit, delivered a sermon to the Seminary Society.

THE CAPITAL.

Cochise Charged with Committing Depredations in Sonora—The Congressional Conscience Fund Increasing—Louisiana Affairs—Compensation for Services to the Government by the U. P. R. R. to be Retained.

WASHINGTON, May 4, 1873.

Railway Decision.

The Attorney General has decided that under the act of 1873 all compensation for services to the Government by the Union Pacific Company upon its railroads, of any kind, is to be retained so long as any interest due the United States by the Company upon its bonds remains unpaid, and that the railroads of the Company across the bridge at Omaha is one of the railroads to which said act applies.

Indian Affairs.

The Commissioner of Indian Affairs has received a copy of a protest of J. Pesqueira, Governor of Sonora, to Governor Safford, of Arizona, against what he supposes to be the stipulations of the treaty entered into between General O. O. Howard and the Indian Chief Cochise. Governor Pesqueira recites a list of murders and lesser crimes committed by Cochise between November last and March of the present year, and claims that the treaty allows Cochise to have free range in Mexico.

Commissioner Smith says this is an entire mistake, as the treaty in no way refers to Sonora or other Mexican territory. It is true that atrocities have been committed in Sonora by Apaches, as Pesqueira alleges, but if participated in by any members of Cochise's band it has been without Cochise's sanction, as all reports show he has personally conformed in good faith to the terms and spirit of the treaty, though he may have been unable to control outlaws of his band.

The Late Chief Justice.

Secretary Richardson will to-morrow issue an order paying a tribute of respect to the memory of the late Chief Justice, in which the Secretary will allude to the past services of the deceased as the head of the Treasury Department. Secretary Richardson will also direct that the Department be closed on Saturday next, and the building be draped in mourning for thirty days.

Louisiana Affairs.

There are several regiments of infantry and a regiment of cavalry in such proximity to New Orleans that should more troops be needed than General Emory has now conveniently located, their services could be had in a few hours.

The Congressional Conscience Fund.

John B. Hawley, of Illinois, and J. M. Rusk, of Wisconsin, have covered their back pay into the United States Treasury. This statement is made at the request of friends of these gentlemen.

Legal Tenders Outstanding.

The legal tenders outstanding amount to $357,080,105.

The Wheeling Murder Case.

WHEELING, May 8.—In the case of Taylor Shander, colored, who killed his wife in this city about a year since, which has been on trial the past three days, the jury, at nine o'clock this evening, returned a verdict of "guilty of murder in the first degree"—penalty, death. The Judge questioned the chairman and each juryman by name as to their decision. The verdict was unanimous. Sentence of death is expected to be passed to-morrow.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—Ralph Waldo Emerson is at Stratford-on-Avon.

—Ex-Governor Morgan sailed for Europe on Thursday.

—In the New York assembly the bill to amend the usury law was laid on the table.

—An official inquiry into the loss of the steamship Atlantic will soon be opened at Liverpool.

—The strike at the Acadia coal mines, Newfoundland, has ended. The miners will resume work to-day.

—At the annual election of directors of the Indianapolis & Vincennes Railroad, held in Indianapolis, the old board was re-elected.

—Rev. J. Fletcher Williams, a minister of the M. E. Church South, was tried for bastardy on the 3d inst. in the church near Loretta, Marion county, Ky., found guilty and expelled.

—The malt house of George Bogen, Jr., & Co., in Cincinnati, was burned on Thursday morning. The house contained 1,250 bushels of malt, most of which was burned. Loss $23,000.

—The revenue steamer Fessenden, at Detroit, is ordered to be placed in commission. Her cruising grounds are to include part of Lake Erie, Detroit river and the whole of Lake Huron to the straits of Mackinaw in the north.

—A dispatch from Portland says the rumor about the conduct of the attitude of the Indians in Eastern Oregon are conflicting. The chief of the Pluties says he will remove his people from the vicinity of the Lava Beds. None of them shall give aid to the Modocs.

—A Lexington (Ky.) dispatch says that at Paris, Kentucky, on Wednesday, Wm. Hukell, in a quarrel, shot at Joseph Keller, missed him and struck Clay Richardson, who was trying to separate the parties. The ball entered the back of Richardson's head, killing him almost instantly.

DIVIDENDS.

THIRD NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, May 8, 1873.

DIVIDEND.

The Directors of this bank have this day declared a dividend of SIX (6) PER CENT. on the capital stock out of the profits of the last six months, payable on and after MONDAY, 12th inst., free of taxes. my9:m83 A. ST. MEYER, Cashier.

EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK.—DIVIDEND.—The Board of Directors have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT. free of tax, out of the profits of the last six months, payable on and after the 10th inst.
A. LONG, Cashier.
Pittsburgh, May 6, 1873. my9:m80.

OFFICE WESTERN INSURANCE CO.,
PITTSBURGH, May 6, 1873.

DIVIDEND NO. 44.

The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE DOLLARS upon each share of the capital stock, out of the earned profits of the last six months, free of taxes; THREE DOLLARS per share of which is to be applied as a final payment on stock, making the same full paid, and TWO DOLLARS per share to be paid to stockholders, at the office, corner of Fifth avenue and Wood street, on and after the 15th inst.
WM. P. HERBERT, Sec'y.
my7:m68

OFFICE OF THE ALLEGHENY GAS CO.,
ALLEGHENY, PA., May 5, 1873.

AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD of Directors of this Company, held this day, a Dividend of ONE DOLLAR per share was declared, payable on and after the 15th inst.
J. S. DAVIDSON,
my7:m53 Treasurer.

CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, May 6, 1873.

DIVIDEND.—The Directors of this bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE PERCENT. on the capital stock out of the profits of the last six months, payable to stockholders or the legal representatives on and after the 12th inst., free of tax.
R. M. WILSON, Cashier.
my7:m64

BANK OF PITTSBURGH,
PITTSBURGH, May 6, 1873.

DIVIDEND—THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS have this day declared a Dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital Stock out of the profits of the last six months, which will be paid to the Stockholders, or their legal representatives, on and after the 10th inst., free of tax.
W. KOSEBURG, Cashier.
my7

GERMAN NATIONAL BANK
OF PITTSBURGH, PA.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK have this day declared a dividend of SIX PER CENT. on the Capital Stock out of the profits of the last six months, payable to stockholders or their legal representatives, on and after the 12th inst., free of tax.
JOS. LAURENT, Cashier.
PITTSBURGH, May 3, 1873. my5

LAWRENCE SAVINGS BANK,
PITTSBURGH, May 1, 1873.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK have this day declared a dividend of SIX PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on and after the 10th inst.
W. W. YOUNG, Cashier.
my3:m59

SPECIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.—THE STOCKHOLDERS of the PENNSYLVANIA SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY are hereby notified that a special meeting will be held at the Company's office, No. 122 Water street, Philadelphia, on WEDNESDAY, May 14, 1873, at 12 o'clock M., to consider the propriety of accepting or rejecting an act of Assembly, approved the 22d day of April, 1873, entitled "An Act relative to the Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Company, Incorporated in accordance with the provisions of the General Act, Approved April 7, 'Anno Domini, one thousand, eight hundred and forty-nine,' authorizing an increase of Capital Stock of said corporation, and also, authorizing dividends to be made payable in stock.
By order of Board of Directors.
SAMUEL SIMES, Secretary.
PHILADELPHIA, April 26, 1873.
ap26:m2-T10

A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Union Railroad and Transportation Company will be held at the office of the Secretary, Room No. 3, Railroad Building, New York, corner of Penn and Tenth streets, Pittsburgh, Pa., on WEDNESDAY, May 14th, 1873, at 11 o'clock A. M., to receive an act upon the report of the Committee authorized at the annual meeting of the Stockholders in October last to negotiate and close the sale of the Transportation equipment of the Company.
By order of the Board,
W. H. BARNES, Secretary.
Pittsburgh, April 21, 1873. ap21:m77

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR OF GAS AND GAS METERS FOR ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

DESIRING THAT THE PUBLIC should more generally avail themselves of the advantages of this office, I would give notice to persons desiring to have their meters tested to leave their orders at the offices of their respective Gas Companies, or at my office, corner of Twenty-third and Smallman streets, and they shall receive prompt attention.
E. H. SMITH, Inspector.

ELECTIONS.

BEDFORD AVENUE.

Election of Commissioners.

Notice is hereby given to all parties interested that an election for FIVE COMMISSIONERS of Bedford Avenue Improvement will be held at office of Brick Co., corner of Webster avenue and Frazier street, Pittsburgh, on

THURSDAY, MAY 21, 1873,

Between the hours of 6 and 7 P. M., under the provisions of an Act of Assembly, entitled "an act to provide for the Improvement of Penn avenue, and other avenues and streets in the city of Pittsburgh," approved April 2, 1870, and the supplements thereto; and an Ordinance of the Select and Common Councils of the city of Pittsburgh, entitled "An Ordinance authorizing the Grading, Paving and Curbing of Bedford from Erin street to 33d street, and the election of Commissioners for that purpose.

WM. W. RIGDON,
ROBERT INDER,
DAVID B. MILLER,
Conductors of Election.
my8:m79

WYLIE AVENUE.

Election of Commissioners.

Notice is hereby given to all parties interested that an election for FIVE COMMISSIONERS of Wylie Avenue Improvement will be held at Reed's Feed Store, corner of Wylie Avenue and Kirkpatrick street, city of Pittsburgh, on

MONDAY, MAY 19, 1873,

Between the hours of 5 and 10 P. M., under the provisions of an act of Assembly entitled "an Act to provide for the Improvement of Penn avenue and other avenues and streets in the city of Pittsburgh," approved April 2, 1870, and the supplements thereto; and an Ordinance of the Select and Common Councils of the city of Pittsburgh, entitled "an Ordinance authorizing the Grading, Paving and Curbing of Wylie Avenue from Kirkpatrick street to Herron avenue, and the election of Commissioners for that purpose," passed May 2, 1873.

ROBERT INDER,
CHAS. F. DUFF,
RICHARD C. HERRON,
Conductors of Election.
my7

JANE STREET.

Election of Commissioners.

Notice is hereby given to all parties interested that an election for Five Commissioners of Jane street will be held at Patterson's office, corner 23d and Sarah streets of the city of Pittsburgh,

ON THURSDAY, MAY 15,

Between the hours of 4 and 7 o'clock P. M.,

Under the provisions of an act of Assembly, entitled "An Act to provide for the improvement of Penn avenue and other avenues in the city of Pittsburgh," approved April 2d, 1870, and the supplements thereto, and an Ordinance of the Select and Common Councils of the City of Pittsburgh, entitled "An Ordinance authorizing the grading, curbing and paving of Jane street, from 19th to Union streets, and the election of Commissioners for that purpose, passed May 2d, 1873.

ERNEST AMMON,
DOMINEC IRMSEN,
HARRISON ESTEP,
Commissioners of election.
my5:m70

FIFTH AVENUE BANK,
PITTSBURGH, April 28th, 1873.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR nine Directors of this Bank to serve for the ensuing year will be held at the Banking House, No. 125 Fifth avenue, on TUESDAY, the 13th inst., between the hours of 10 A. M. and 3 o'clock P. M.
F. E. SCHENCK, Cashier.
ap29:m13

OFFICE OF THE L. S. M. R. R. CO.,
TEMPERANCEVILLE.

ELECTION NOTICE.—ELECTION for nine President and six Directors for said Company, will take place on SATURDAY, May 24th

DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICE: GAZETTE BUILDING,
Corner Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

JOSIAH KING,.....M. P. REED.
T. P. HOUSTON,.....D. L. FLEMING.
GEO. W. REED.

KING, REED & CO., Editors and Proprietors.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

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FRIDAY, MAY 9, 1873.

Bonds at Frankfort 85¾.

Petroleum at Antwerp, 41f.

Gold closed in New York yesterday at 117¼@117¾.

John Stuart Mill is reported seriously ill at Avignon, France.

Two of the northwestern railroads have decided to pool their earnings from now till April 1, 1880 in the proportion of sixty to forty per cent.

The belief prevails in Rome that the Pope is dead. Either the rumors from Rome are unreliable, or it is true, that the first we will know of the Pope's death will be at the announcement of the election of his successor.

The Ku Klux and Modocs have achieved reputation,—the one for firing on its victims from behind trees and fences, and the other for making a shelter of rocks. The *Dispatch* uses the *Post* as a safe shelter from behind which to fire its pop-gun. Fortunately, it don't amount to much.

The proposition of Secretary Richardson to modify the stringency of the civil service rules, so as to permit Congressmen some privileges of a recommendatory character, does not seem to meet with favor among the stringent civil service advocates. We do not know enough of the Secretary's plan to judge of its merits, but the idea of permitting Congressmen to recommend strikes us as eminently just and proper. It is entirely possible to carry this Civil Service idea entirely too far.

The Centennial Committee seems to be very industrious, as meetings are held in Philadelphia quite frequently. Affairs are reported to be making satisfactory progress. Yet doubtless frequent meetings are important, as contributing to care and correctness in the preliminary arrangements. The Vienna Exposition was twenty two years incubating, and was not entirely ready at that, when the time for the opening arrived. Hence energy so early displayed here, is not at all remarkable.

The Harpers will publish, simultaneously with its publication in London, the "Life and Death of John of Barneveld, including the history of the primary causes and movements of the Thirty Years' War," by J. Lothrop Motley. This work is the outgrowth of a large historical work, in process of writing, on the Thirty Years' War, being the continuance of the Rise of the Dutch Republic, by Mr. Motley. It is known that Mr. Motley has resided at the Hague since the close of his diplomatic career in England, during which time he has been engaged in his toric writings.

The New York press are gradually abandoning their hostility to the Centennial Exposition, to be held at Philadelphia in 1876, and are, on the other hand, giving earnest support to the enterprise. They see that it is certain to take place, that it will be not merely a national, but an international affair, and that New York will be largely benefited by it. Of the vast number of visitors who will gather to it, hundreds of thousands will visit New York, and spend a portion of their money there. This improved feeling on the part of the New York journals speaks well for their sagacity.

The news from the Russian expedition to Kniva shows that the Khan is greatly alarmed at the progress being made, and that, acting under English advice, he is endeavoring to avoid the wrath to come by releasing the Russian prisoners in his hands. But here another difficulty meets him. These prisoners, long treated as slaves, are emaciated, and bear marks of such excessive cruelty, that he effect of their release is to exasperate the Russian commander, and impel him to give effect to the severer phase of his instructions. The probability is that at best Khiva will become a mere dependency of Russia, and will mark another step in her progress toward the entire domination of Central Asia.

We have referred, a number of times, to the importance of candor and fairness, between employer and employee, as a preventive of strikes, claiming that in a majority of instances these strikes are brought about by persons who are of little value as workmen. The recent strike in Wales, England, among the colliers, is illustrative of this point. Six y thousand persons were engaged in it; the strike lasted eleven months; the average earning of each person per week was six dollars, so that the loss of wages by the strike amounted to four millions of dollars. The workmen had satisfactory wages; the employers were not dissatisfied with the wages they paid. But it came to a question of whether the employers should deal directly with their men, or whether they should be, as well as the workingmen, under the control of and obliged to accept the dictation of the trades-unions. After all the loss on both sides, the men returned to their work, substantially upon the old basis. In Wales, as here, the majority of the laborers were opposed to a strike, but were carried away by the force of the minority and the oratory of the demagogues. When, at last the strike was over, and the assurance of work, and pay, and a secured and satisfactory livelihood afforded, there was quite as much joy in the cottages of the workingmen as in the counting rooms of the capitalists. That which ought to be, and which, barring human imperfection, there would be—the loafers out of the question—is good feeling, and natural regard between the men who employ and the men who are employed. The lesson contained in these statements cannot be too perfectly remembered.

Affairs in Louisiana do not improve by the lapse of time. In the St. Martinsville district, civil war, on a small scale, continues, while in the Teche country, and even in New Orleans, everything is unsettled. An attempt has been made to assassinate Kellogg, gun stores have been broken open, McEnery still pretendedly exercises the functions of Governor. If matters more is needed to constitute a condition of absolute anarchy, we fail to perceive it. That fault attaches to Kellogg, for not more vigorously controlling the evil element in New Orleans, at the outset, we fully believe. The McEnery faction should have been promptly suppressed; but it is evident that he will need assistance from the United States forces in the outlying districts. It is probable that these would have been accorded him, had not his own weakness led to the belief that he was not doing enough to maintain himself. A particularly bad phase of the difficulty in the outlying parishes is the gathering of the worst element from without the State to aid the resisting factions within. The entire movement of the McEnery faction constitutes a resistance to the Government properly recognized as the legally constituted one. As such, there are peremptory measures that may be used for its suppression. These seem not to have been used, and now the Grand Jury shows a disposition to indict Kellogg and his compeers for an alleged unlawful assumption of power. The complication now existing illustrates the unwisdom of Congress in refusing to take cognizance of the state of affairs in Louisiana. The President, of course, is chary in dealing with the case, when Congress refused to have anything to do with it.

The series of resolutions adopted by the Farmers, at their Convention in New York, may, with one or two exceptions, be generally commended as expressing clearly a felt national want. Whatever may be said relative to the future nearness of producer and consumer, there can be no doubt that a present need exists for ample and cheap transportation of produce, so that the producer may reap a profit on his labors, and the consumer not be compelled to pay extravagant prices for articles of daily consumption. The subject has its complications; but we are very decidedly of the opinion that the time will never come, in this country, when the demand now put forth will not have as much force as it has at the present. We further believe that it is wise for the railroad authorities, viewing the subject in the light of their own interests merely, to give as cheap passage and freight rates as is consistent with sound business principles; and having done this, to show the people, by facts and figures, that they are doing this. We do not believe the people of this country are, generally, willfully unreasonable. But they see a number of glaring facts, which afford a basis for inferences unfavorable to the railroads, and have risen in resistance. For example, they see that rates discriminate, in favor of some, as against other points; they know that money is often spent to control legislation; they see that the winter rates are greater than those of the summer; they observe that while produce from some points is transported a thousand miles, at rates remunerative to the producer, in other sections a few hundred miles' transportation eats up their profit. No general explanation can satisfy them in the face of these things. We fully believe that their resolutions are too sweeping, in that they seem to include all railroads; whereas there are those which are entirely fair in their dealing with the people. But these are exceptions to a general rule. The movement now begun promises to exert an important influence in political affairs.

THE RUSH FOR OFFICE.

Three prominent gentlemen, the recipients of political honors, have recently died. We refer to James Brooks, James L. Orr, and Salmon P. Chase. Already there is a rush of candidates to fill their places, even to that of the Chief Justice. Sunset Cox is the gentleman prominently named for Mr. Brooks' place, but combinations are being formed against him. It is charged that he organized the Credit Mobilier Committee with a view to the injury of Brooks, and as the latter was popular in his district, this may tell against Mr. Cox. For the position of Minister to Russia, a large delegation is reported to be anxiously waiting in Washington. Judge Bingham's friends propose to urge his name; but the fact that General Schenck is from Ohio will operate against him. Of the others we need not definitely speak. For the position of Chief Justice of the United States Supreme Court, a lively canvass has set in, the name of Senator Conkling, among others, being mentioned.

We mention, merely to condemn this tendency toward office-holding as the great aim of life. The competition for office becomes more and more vigorous, and the end is hard to foresee. If kept up, it will render us conspicuous among the nations, and may even lead to worse results. It is generally conceded that the disgrace brought upon the country, by some of our Commissioners to Vienna, is to be credited to the office-seeking portion of the Commission. While it is true that offices must be filled, it is also true that the right person is more apt to be selected if the subject is left to those in authority, than if a general rush is made by the candidates themselves. In any event, it is undignified and discreditable for persons to seek with the avidity of adventurers, high official position. In a sense, our doings, as a Nation, are spread before the eyes of the world. The press chronicles every movement affecting official position, and thus, these undignified scrambles for office present us in an unenviable light before the world.

But it is particularly out of place that a contest should be made over at least two of the offices just vacated by the death of the incumbents. Whatever may be said in the case of the Congressional election in New York, there is no excuse in the other instances. In our view, the Congressional fight in New York is in very bad taste. Mr. Brooks has just been laid at rest in his grave; yet enough is disclosed to show that as soon as the breath was out of his body, the wrangle began. It looks very much like inhumanity,—this waiting impatiently for the last breath of a dying man, to commence a fight over his effects. But in addition to these considerations, which apply in full force in the other instances, the dignity of the offices are to be thought of. In one case we are to be represented, as a nation before a great people; and our representative is to mingle with persons of cultivated manners, and high position. He will be brought in contact with one of the most active and polished diplomats of Europe. Prince Gorschakoff is admitted by, next to Bismarck, the ablest premier in all Europe. To fill a position at such a court, and to properly represent the Government in the presence of a person like Gortschakoff, requires cultivation, tact, profound knowledge of international law, and skill in the arts of diplomacy. Is it to be thought that a person possessing these requisites will be running after office?

The position of the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, is the highest judicial position known to our Government. It should be filled by a person of ripe age, eminent at the bar, profoundly versed in those broader questions of the law, which chiefly come before that court for determination. It should not be filled by a political partisan, in the narrow sense of that term; but by a man of pure character, of high purpose, of solid attainments and mature judgment. Thus far we have heard of no one, in the list of the mentioned candidates, who meets this estimate. We hope the President will not be in haste with this nomination. The Court is adjourned for the summer, let time and care be taken, that a good appointment may be made.

Prophecy and the Papacy.

St. Malachy, Archbishop of Armagh, Ireland, died in 1148, leaving after him, it is said, an amazing prophecy in regard to the Popes. This prophecy, it has been held, contains the number of all the Pontiffs that were to rule the Church after Malachy's time. The enumeration contains 101 Popes, and each of these Popes is expressed, not by name, but by an epigrammatic Latin sentence by which he could at once be personally distinguished. The one hundred and first Pope is described as "Crux de Cruce," and, by general accord, this designation fits Pius IX. "Crux de Cruse" means a cross from a cross, and this is understood to signify crucial persecution from a king, whose chief royal emblem is the cross. Victor Emanuel is such a king. His crown is surmounted by the cross, and he certainly has inflicted crucial sorrows on Pius IX. Such is the argument by which St. Malachy's prophecy on the one hundred and first of the Pontiffs is crowned with realization. And this is by no means whatever the only fulfilment the Malachian foresight has obtained. These prophecies were first published in Rome in 1595, this is 450 years after Malachy's death, and their editor, a Benedictine monk, named Arnold Wion, gave an account of where he got them. But they made an extraordinary impression. These prophecies begin with Celesti II., in 1130, and end with Pius IX, which St. Malachy predicts will be the last.

Assault Upon Civil Service Reform.

The Washington correspondent of the New York *Times* writes: The civil service reform is about to receive the severest assault that has been made upon it. The politicians have determined to take advantage of the accession of the two new commissioners to try and break down altogether, through pretended necessary alterations, the rules under which appointments are now made. They are willing to have the competitive examinations kept up, but apparently desire that the appointments should be made from those who stand lowest on the list, as they are all the time crying out against scholars and school teachers, as though a decent knowledge of the common English branches were a disqualification for offices. This is all the examination seeks to test, at least in the case of applicants for admission to the civil service. In the case of promotions, there is added a test in regard to a knowledge of the duties of the position to be filled. There is a great deal of talk on the subject among those interested. In the departments there is as great diversity of opinion as outside. Some good men advocate the old system, but it is a fact in favor of the new that it has resulted in giving the department a class of clerks against which no charge is made except that they are a "batch of Maryland school teachers."

If the Macon (Ga.) *Telegraph* may be believed, the hardships of the enforcement of civil rights are visited upon the colored brethren of the South as well as the aristocracy of white blood. The tonsorial community of all Mississippi is said to have been thrown into confusion and disorder thereby. The negroes are no longer content with shaving other people, but insist on being shaved as well. The complication is obvious. When the negro barbers consent to shave negro customers, which tries their metal, they lose their white custom. When they refuse to shave their negro customers, they are driven out of town and their shops gutted. It is said that some Mississippi barbers who have experienced the trials of the situation, deplore "the enforcement of civil rights" as a device of Satan.

Before 1840 there were not more than 40 German newspapers in the United States, now there are 356. The proportion is as follows: 24 are purely political, 44 are given to instruction and amusement, 3 to belles lettres, 30 to religion, 2 to Free Masonry, 2 to music, 4 to agriculture, 4 to juvenile reading, 3 to commerce and useful arts, 1 respectively to Odd Fellows, Druids, gymnastic and fashion. New York has 65, Pennsylvania, 53; Ohio, 37; Illinois, 29; Missouri, 28; Wisconsin, 24; Indiana and Iowa 15 each; New Jersey, 13; Texas, 9; Kentucky, 8; California, 7; Maryland, 6; Minnesota, 5; Louisiana, 4; Michigan, 4; Tennessee, 4; District of Columbia, 3, and the other States one each.

There never was a family in which vice and imbecility was more constant characteristic than among the Spanish Bourbons. Yet now a pretender of that race is trying to establish what he calls his "rights" to the throne of Spain. One of his rivals is his kinsman, the Duke of Montpensier, one of the French Bourbons, who have been three times driven from the throne of France. Yet the right to discharge worthless servants as clearly belongs to a people as it does to any housekeeper, and the servant has no right except to wages for his term of service.

It appears from the last census returns of the wealth, the population and the earnings of the whole of the United States, "that the average earnings of the whole American people do not exceed $800 a year each. The average earnings of the employed classes do not exceed $1000. The average earnings of those holding salaried employments do not exceed $1500. The average earnings of the learned professions do not exceed $2500.

VARIOUS ITEMS.

Better years are expected for Cape diamonds, but according to official documents published by the English Colonial Office, the value of those which left the colony last year is estimated at not less than $10,000,000.

Iowa has settled the vexed question whether horses are liable to a second attack of the hippozmosis, the epizootic having broken out again with a special mortality among the animals which suffered from it last year.

Samuel Cram, of Maine, cut his throat with a razor, placing himself before a mirror so that he might see where to cut so that it would "do the most good." He was sixty years old, and three of his brothers had committed suicide.

The President, in consequence of the extent of his Western tour, will not make his proposed visit to Governor Jewell, but will limit his stay in Connecticut to the time necessary to the reunion of the Army of the Potomac, in New Haven, next week.

The Troy *Times* now first mentions the fact that a handsome weeping willow, in the Fifth Street Presbyterian churchyard of that city, is the growth of a twig cut from the St. Helena tomb of Napoleon by Commodore Wilkes, and transplanted in the cemetery by the lady to whom he sent it.

An Omaha man desiring to get rid of his mother-in-law at very short notice, induced her to spread nitro-glycerine on her back to cure lumbago, and then apply a hot flat-iron. As the latest accounts they had sent into an adjoining county to try to get enough of the woman together to hold an inquest over.

"A new revolving signal light, to be attached to the rear of trains, by which engineers behind them can tell by the speed of the rotations, as shown by the succession of different colored lights, at what rate the trains are moving, and when they are at rest," is mentioned by the Richmond *Whig* as the recent invention of a freight conductor on one of the roads entering that city.

Ex-Governor Seymour is not sanguine about the anti railroad monopoly movement. He thinks the people will become excited on the subject, and make demands and clamor for legislative action; but the railroad corporations are so rich and strong that they will easily resist the efforts or corrupt the legislators. He holds that the only effectual remedy for too much railroad is more river and canal.

The Presidency of the French Assembly is not the most inviting position in the world. During the first Republic the Assembly had sixty-three Presidents, twenty-two of whom were outlawed, eighteen guillotined, eight transported, six condemned to imprisonment for life, four went mad and died at Bicetre, and three committed suicide to escape the scaffold. Only two escaped.

Some of the San Franciscans are getting up a grand excursion to Polynesia, including the Sandwich, Fiji, and Friendly Islands. The number of excursionists is limited to seventy, and the time to three months; the price for the round trip, from the Pacific coast, being fixed at $500 in gold. This is rather a novel voyage, and as it will be made during the summer, and on the calmest of oceans, it ought to and doubtless will be thoroughly enjoyable.

It turns out that the fishermen constitute the healthiest class in Massachusetts. They are the healthiest-looking men, the most robust, and with capacities for great endurance. Their diet while actually engaged in their vocation consists of fish, pork, potatoes, and hard bread, with fresh meat but rarely. It is said to be the custom of invalids from the rural districts, suffering from chronic indigestion or incipient phthisis, to make an amateur fishing-voyage, and often with excellent results.

In spite of all the comforting news given out on the indisposition of Pio Nono, rumor is busy at work in choosing the candidates for the see of Count Mastai-Ferretti. The opposing parties are proposing Cardinal Sforza, who is hand and glove with the Jesuits, and Cardinal Panebianco, who belongs to what they term the conciliatory shade. It seems probable, however, that Cardinal Canalli, who is not tied to either party, has the greatest chance of a majority at the future conclave.

The Musquakie Indian who was recently starved to death by order of his tribe, as a punishment for the murder of his wife, was also sentenced to be deprived of sleep until he died. During the eight days that he lingered his guards were constantly on the watch to prevent him sleeping. It is said that, with characteristic solidity, he endured the agony of the situation, suffering terribly during the third day and afterward, until eight days and a few hours had expired, when he drew a closing breath, and the demands of Indian justice were satisfied.

Mr. Geo. W. Blunt proposes, in the New York *Evening Post*, that the Government send ships to trace the limits of the Gulf Stream from where the coast survey work ended. He thinks that we have vessels now on European stations which could be detailed for this end very easily. Their commanders have by this time probably been introduced to all the crowned heads in Europe, and may now be willing to do a little duty. While the English naval service is doing so much for science it becomes the United States to do something also in the nature of scientific research.

PERSONAL.

Pentland, the clown, earned during his life over $200,000, but died without money enough to bury him.

It is stated that Max Muller, Froude, and Charles Kingsley are all brothers-in-law, having married the three daughters of a rich London merchant.

A private letter from Oregon, received in Washington, says that Mrs. Canby is greatly prostrated by the death of her husband, and is not expected to recover.

A descendant of the John Rogers, who was burned at the stake in 1555, has recently died at South New Market, N. Y., in the person of Benjamin Coe, aged seventy-two.

Lord Houghton instituted a suit against the lessees of Platt's Hall, in San Francisco, to recover damage for their refusal to permit her to lecture on "Wolves in the Fold."

Mr. Richard T. Greener, the first colored man who was graduated at Harvard (1870), has joined the editorial staff of Mr. Fred. Douglass's *New Era* newspaper at Washington.

Susan B. Anthony is preparing the silver wedding of the woman suffrage agitators, which will be held in New York on Anniversary week. She will take her silver wedding vicariously, as the condemned minister wanted to take his hanging.

President Grant's son Jesse is only making a visit to California, not starting on his way around the world. He will visit the Yosemite and other places of interest with his schoolmate, the son of Senator Cole, and then return to his studies at home.

The fiftieth anniversary of the professorship of the celebrated Professor Tholuck, of the University of Halle, whose commentary on the Gospel of John is the leading Protestant authority, was kept at Halle on the 7th day of April, with impressive ceremonies and a university holiday.

M. C. and C. F. Cleveland are two sisters, little bits of women, nieces of the late Horace Greeley, who live in a charming part of the city, called "Cottage Place," where there are actual front yards, and trees, and lattice-work galleries. They are frequent contributors to the daily press of New York.

Mrs. Laura Curtis Ballard, who used to edit the *Revolution*, is a large handsome woman, with a fair complexion and full, black eyes, she dresses richly and is a brilliant addition to New York society. Her articles are very pleasant to read, and it is to be presumed she writes from the love of it, since necessity does not drive her to her pen.

Governor Hartranft has appointed the following as members of the Board of Public Charities: Wilmer Worthington, of West Chester, to compute from date to December 1, 1874; Amos C. Noyes, of West Point, Chester county, to compute from December 1, 1872, for five years; George Bullock, of Philadelphia, to compute from December 1, 1872, for five years.

Except one, Bishop McIlvaine, of Ohio, was, at his death, the earliest consecrated of all the Bishops of the Anglican Church. He and Bishop Smith, of Kentucky, were consecrated on the same day, in 1832, Bishop Smith taking the precedence. Bishop Sumner, of Westminster, who resigned some years ago, was consecrated in 1826. After him the senior English Bishop is St. David, whose consecration dates in 1840.

The anniversary of the birth of the great painter Raphael was celebrated at Urbino, on April 6, by grand fetes and a banquet at the ducal palace. The birthplace of the painter had been previously purchased by subscription, and was presented by Mr. Morris Moore, on behalf of the subscribers, to the municipality of Urbino, with a request that they would hold it in trust for the Italian nation.

In the year 1100 lived in Kent, England, Eliza and Mary Chulkhurst, who were joined together after the manner of the Siamese Twins. Their will ordered that the income given by the lands of which they died possessed should be perpetually applied to the distribution of an annual dole of cakes and cheese. A few days ago the churchwardens of the parish made the distribution for this year. The cakes are made of flour and water, and bear the date 1100, together with the imprinted effigies of the sisters.

Different Views.—*Edwin* (to his Angelina). "With you by my side, my very own, with you, I could wander among these heavenly hills and dales for ever!"

Angelina (to her Edwin). "And so could I with you, my veriest own! for ever and ever, and ever!"

Angelina's sister (to herself). "O dear me! what a trotting up and down it all is, to be sure!"—*Punch.*

The Liverpool (England) *Courier* has recently discovered that an old sailor, named John Oliver, is now living in that city, who lacks but nine months of being a hundred years old. He followed the sea from 1785 to 1860, serving as a man-o'-war's man through all the period of England's great naval contests without ever receiving a wound. He was on the Victory when Nelson fell, and was one of those who heard and obeyed the order "England expects that every man this day will do his duty."

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,
No. 62 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
CHARTERED IN 1852.
ASSETS January 1, 1873 - $778,251 56
OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and SATURDAY EVENING, from May 1st to November 1st from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of 6 per cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn, compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c. furnished at the office.
Board of Managers—George A. Berry, President; John Scott, James Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. E. McKinley, Secretary and Treasurer.
A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Kahm, G. Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robert C. Schmertz Christopher Zug.
John H. Sahley, Solicitor.

The sanitary authorities of Glasgow have been trying to obtain a conviction for the sale of adulterated butter, but failed through conflict in the scientific evidence. The assistant inspector bought half a pound of the suspected butter, warned the retailer in accordance with the terms of the act, and afterwards gave half the sample to the public analyst, the remainder being retained in case of dispute. The retailer, however, took the precaution to employ his own analyst on what was represented as the same butter, and the evidence of the two experts was hopelessly at variance.

We see that the promoters of the temperance movement in London lately resorted to a novel expedient. They secured a number of the theaters for Good Friday and therein gave entertainments (gratuitous, we presume), which drew thousands of the middle and lower classes; and then, for a time at least, kept them out of mischief. Certainly it is necessary to do something, when the increase in the excise duties of last year was $25,000,000, representing a proportionate amount of beer and spirits consumed above that of former years.

A Western editor who received half a dozen soft-shell crabs the other day, says in the next issue of his paper: "They were indeed delicious, but were evidently intended to be eaten when dead, as one of the cusses went skittering up and down our throat two or three times before we could mash him with our new boughten teeth."

The Lungs--Consumption.

The importance of early treatment in lung diseases by some who has given the matter a special and separate attention daily, becomes more and more apparent. The cures made by Dr. Keyser, of this city, in some of the most hopeless cases of consumption, entitles him to the most distinguished consideration in that important branch of the healing art, the Doctor's recent improvements, not only in the remedies used, but in the increased facilities which he has brought into requisition, are such as afford hope for a cure, after all otherordinary means had been apparently exhausted. His Lung Cure, in the language of an editor of this city is invaluable, and while it is curing, at the same time supports nature and renews life.

The Doctor's office is at 167 Liberty street, adjoining his Medicine Store, or at his residence, 180 Penn street. A treatise on Consumption sent free by mail whenever ordered.

Unequaled for Cheapness, Durability and Strength.

All materials used in the manufacture of MATHEWS' SODA WATER BOXES is selected from the very best materials. The Marble Boxes are of the very best quality. The Syrup Tanks are all Glass or Porcelain, that the Syrup may never corrode. There is no apparatus sold that is equal in any way. The Boxes are made better, put together more strongly, which renders them more durable in every way. In fact Mathews' Soda Water Apparatus is we guarantee the best, cheapest and far superior in every way to any others made. The new styles just received this day at the Agents' office.
JAS. E. BURNS & CO.'S DRUGGISTS,
Corner Penn and Sixth streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. M. FABER,
367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
Machinery,
STEAM PUMPS,
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery,
MACHINE CARDS.
Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.
Orders Solicited.
JAS. LITTELL. WM. H. MECHLING.

OLD ESTABLISHED HOUSE.

Littell & Mechling,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
OLD RYE WHISKY,
Foreign and Domestic
WINES AND LIQUORS,
234 Liberty
AND
244 Penn Streets,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

FURNITURE
AT REDUCED PRICES, AT
J. W. WOODWELL & SONS',
97, 99 and 101 Third Avenue,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Manufacturers of PARLOR, LIBRARY, CHAMBER, DINING ROOM, HALL and OFFICE
FURNITURE,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

FIRE CLAY,
WATER PIPES,
CHIMNEY FLUES
And Chimney Tops.
HENRY H. COLLINS
133 Second Avenue.

LEATHER AND FINDINGS
JUST RECEIVED BY
GEO. H. ANDERSON & CO,
128 SECOND AVENUE.
3,000 Sides Buenos Ayres Sole;
400 " Springfield Oak Sole;
100 doz. French Calf and Kip of the most approved Brands.
With a full assortment of Saddlers and Shoemakers' stocks, wholesale and retail.

M. B. Cochran & Co.,
121 LIBERTY ST., COR. FIFTH,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
IRON AND WOOD
Working Machinery,
AND
MANUFACTURERS' SUPPLIES.
Have in store a full stock of Deane Steam Pumps, Judson Governors, Sash and Door Machinery, &c., &c. Repairing promptly attended to. mh6-MWF

NEW WALL PAPER STORE.
THOMAS PALMER
Having removed to his New, Elegant and Commodious Store, No. 99 WOOD STREET, (Second door above Diamond alley), is now prepared to show a fine assortment of
WALL PAPER,
Of all Grades and Prices. Also WINDOW SHADES in great variety. Call and examine.
ap8:161 MWF

H. WARD,
BAKER AND CONFECTIONER
No. 269 Franklin Street, Allegheny.
Ask your Grocer for
WARD'S BREAD.
MWF

Use the PEERLESS WRINGER.
mh21:354-TT

DRY GOODS.
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST. ALLEGHENY.
NEW NOVELTIES
Added to our stock every day.
New Straw Hats
For Gents and Youths.
Ladies' and Misses' New Hats.
Linen Hats and Sun Bonnets.
Infants' Lace and Merino Bonnets.
Ribbons, Flowers, Tips, Sprays, &c.
Parasols, Parasols, Parasols,
SUN UMBRELLAS,
A very large assortment of new styles.
Human Hair Goods,
NEW FANCY GOODS.
Gents' Neck Ties, Scarfs, Bows,
Latest styles, new shades, a fine stock at low prices.
Gloves, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, &c., &c.,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY CITY.

NEW DRESS GOODS
AT
ERWIN'S!
172 and 174
Federal St., Allegheny.
NEW STYLES,
NEW COLORS,
NEW SHADES.
Magnificent assortment, all fresh and clean; prices low; good goods.
HANDSOME STRIPED GOODS
ELEGANT PLAIN GOODS.
Japanese Silks
In great variety.
BLACK SILKS,
Good bargains
Striped Silks, 65c. to $1.50.
Crammed Stripes, 12½c to 20c.
New Spring Dress Goods, 12½c.
New Spring Dress Goods, 15c.
New Spring Dress Goods, 20c.
New Spring Dress Goods, 25c.
New Spring Dress Goods, 30c.
New Spring Dress Goods, 37½c.
New Spring Dress Goods, 50c.
New Spring Dress Goods, 62½c.
New Spring Dress Goods, 75c.
The largest, handsomest and cheapest assortment of Dress Goods we ever had the pleasure of offering our friends. We respectfully solicit a careful examination of our stock and a comparison of our prices with other houses.
A. W. ERWIN & CO.,
172 and 174 Federal St., Allegheny.

DRY GOODS.
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
Dress Goods! Dress Goods!
Japanese Poplins, Handsome Patterns, very low.
Japanese Silks, Newest Styles.
Black Silks, best celebrated makes, extra cheap.
Colored Silks, latest fashionable Shades.
New Wash Poplins, at very low prices.
New Plaid Goods, extra bargains in these Goods.
New Striped Poplins, new Goods, latest styles, at a bargain.
The "Flag and Thistle,"
OUR OWN BRAND.
BLACK ALPACAS
All grades, very cheap.
LADIES'
NEW SPRING SUITS
We have now opened a large and complete line of LADIES' NEW SPRING SUITS, made in lastest Spring Fashions, Plain, Fluted, Embroidered and Handsomely Braided, at low prices.
WHITE GOODS of every description and style.
LADIES' WHITE WAISTS, &c., &c., at
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY CITY.

SUITS! SUITS!
New Stock of Suits
AT ERWIN'S.
JUST OPENING,
New Styles,
Handsome Shades,
Well made and at
LOW PRICES.
SUITS AT $3.75.
SUITS AT $4.00.
SUITS AT $4.50.
SUITS AT $5.00.
SUITS AT $6.50.
SUITS AT $7.00.
SUITS AT $8.00.
SUITS AT $8.50.
SUITS AT $9.00.
SUITS AT $10.00.
SUITS AT $12.00.
SUITS AT $12.50.
SUITS AT $13.00.
SUITS AT $15.00.
SUITS AT $16.00.
SUITS AT $18.00.
SUITS AT $20.00.
Large stock, low prices and good goods. Call and see them.
A. W. ERWIN & CO.,
172 and 174 Federal St., Allegheny.

Jos. Horne & Co.,
197 AND 199
PENN AVE.
Would call special attention to their
Black Dress Silk at $1.25 per yard.
Black Dress Silk at 1.50 per yard.
Black Dress Silk at 1.75 per yard.
Black Dress Silk at 2.00 per yard.
Black Dress Silk at 2.25 per yard.
Black Dress Silk at 2.50 per yard.
Black Dress Silk at 2.75 per yard.
Black Dress Silk at 3.00 per yard.
Black Dress Silk at 3.10 per yard.
Black Dress Silk at 3.25 per yard.
Black Dress Silk at 3.30 per yard.
Black Dress Silk at 3.50 per yard.
Black Dress Silk at 3.75 per yard.
Black Dress Silk at 4.00 per yard.
Black Dress Silk at 4.25 per yard.
Black Dress Silk at 4.50 per yard.
Black Dress Silk at 5.00 per yard.
Black Dress Silk at 5.25 per yard.
Black Dress Silk at 5.50 per yard.
Black Dress Silk at 5.75 per yard.
Black Dress Silk at 6.00 per yard.
Black Dress Silk at 6.25 per yard.
Black Dress Silk at 6.50 per yard.
Black Dress Silk at 7.00 per yard.
Also, extra Bargains in
BLACK, WHITE AND
Fancy Striped Silks,
Colored Silks,
In all the New Tints, Sage, Blue, Green, Drab, Brown and Pink. To all of which
WE INVITE AN INSPECTION.
Joseph Horne & Co.,
RETAIL STORES.

NEW GOODS.
A FULL LINE OF LINEN SUITS.
All the new styles in
Parasols, Dress Goods,
in great variety.
LACE CURTAINS and MARSEILLES QUILTS, just received.
H. J. LYNCH,
No. 96 Market Street.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.
CHOICE CARPETS.
We open to-day the Choicest lot of
English Body Brussels,
Of our own importation, that has ever been shown in this city, embracing the Newest and Richest Colors ever put into Carpets. The leading Colors are as follows: One Pattern OAK CHINTZ, one DRAB AND BROWN, one GREEN, SCARLET AND GOLD, one GREEN, CRIMSON AND GOLD, one DRAB, BROWN AND GOLD, one TURKEY, &c. Many of these patterns match much of the Terry and Reppe now used for covering furniture. No Choicer Goods can be seen anywhere.
Bovard, Rose & Co.,
21 Fifth Avenue

KINDER BLAIR.
PRACTICAL
CONFECTIONER
AND DEALER IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUITS,
Nuts, Canned Goods, Ice Cream, &c.,
62 FIFTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

EASTERN EXCHANGE.
Summer Homes.
Families or individuals seeking pleasant homes for the coming warm months will find the Eastern Exchange, at East Liberty, a spacious, well kept Hotel, where suits of two or three rooms, or single apartments, can be secured
From and After the 1st of May.
Every attention is given to guests. The table always well maintained.
Stabling and hostelry for those having horses and carriages, and all the appliances of a First Class Hotel. Accessible by rail—within sight of an hour from Union Depot.
JNO. S. McPHERSON, Proprietor.
ap19-1m

BARR & MOSER,
ARCHITECTS
HAVE REMOVED to the GAZETTE building, Corner Sixth avenue and Smithfield Str eet
ap22:81

DRY GOODS.
165, 167 AND 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
Splendid Assortment of
WINDOW SHADES,
In various colors, received and opened to-day, very low.
NEW CARPETS,
New Oil Cloths,
Mattings, Mats, &c.
Stair Rods, Cornices, Curtains, &c., &c.
Handsome Brackets.
Wall Pockets, elegantly carved work, good variety.
New Light and Dark Prints.
New Light and Dark Chintzes.
New Light and Dark Percales.
A Soft Finish 4-4 Muslin at a bargain.
Linen and Huck Towels and Towelling.
Damask Towels, Turkish Bath Towels.
Fine stock of New Ginghams.
Shirtings, Checks, Tickings, Damasks, &c., &c.,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
Federal St., Allegheny City, Pa

STOVES, RANGES, &c.
THE
FIERY FURNACE,

MANUFACTURED BY
Graff, Hugus & Co.,
ALSO,
NILES' IMPROVED
Star Range.
Improved Double-Oven
BOSTON RANGE,
VAN'S PATENT
PORTABLE RANGE,
Parlor and Cook Stoves,
Fine and Common Enameled Grate Fronts, Fine and Common Enameled Fenders, Nickel Plated Grate Fronts, Nickel Plated Fenders, Wash House Furniture, Wash House Stoves, Coal Hole Doors.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
206 and 208 Liberty Street

PROPOSALS.
Ohio River Improvement.
DIKES.
U. S. Engineer's Office, 4 Public Landing, Cincinnati, O., April 28, 1873.
Sealed proposals in duplicate will be received at this office until NOON, on THURSDAY, JUNE 5th, 1873, for furnishing and putting in place the following material for the repair of old dikes on the Ohio river:

Miles from Pittsburgh.	Place.	Material required. Cubic yards stone.	Cubic yards gravel.	No. Piles.	Work to be completed.
760	French Island.	3000	5400	500	Dec. 1, '73.
796	Ile Cadieux Island.	4000	7200	667	Dec. 1, '73.

Specifications and printed forms for proposals will be furnished on application.
WM.

FINANCIAL.

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,

Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood Street.

FOR SALE,

CITY OF PITTSBURGH

7 PER CENT.

Water Loan and Penn Avenue

BONDS,

AT PAR AND INTEREST, FREE FROM TAXATION.

TRADESMENS NAT'L BANK,

Wood Street, cor. Second Ave.

Capital, - - $400,000

Accounts of Banks, Merchants and Individuals solicited

Interest allowed on time deposits. We promise careful attention to all business entrusted to our care.

A. BRADLEY, President,
WM. VANKIRK, Vice President.
LEWIS CLARK, Jr., Cashier.
mch7-d28

FOR SALE,

City of Pittsburgh

7 PER CENT.

Water Loan and Penn Avenue

BONDS,

At Par and Accrued Interest, Free from Taxation.

IRA B. M'VAY & CO.,

BANKERS,

Cor. Fourth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

Shoe and Leather

SAVINGS BANK,

No. 14 Smithfield Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CAPITAL. - - - $200,000.

GEO. H. ANDERSON, President.
D. E. DAVIDSON, Vice President.
M. W. HANKIN, Secretary.
JOHN S. HOLLAND, Treasurer.
J. H. HORLAND, Solicitor.
E. H. PALMER, Jr., Attorney.

GEO. H. ANDERSON, President.

JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.

Deposits of $1 and upward received. Deposits Subject to Check at Sight or Twenty-four Hours' Notice. Interest allowed on Time Deposits. Special attention given to Collections and Remittances. Drafts on England, Ireland and Scotland, at lowest rates.

DRAFTS payable on demand in any part of England, Wales, Ireland and Scotland, at lowest rates.

FOR SALE,

City of Pittsburgh

SEVEN PER CENT.

Water Loan Bonds.

At Par and Interest,

Free from Taxation

ALSO NO. 1

Municipal and School Bonds,

Bearing Ten (10) per cent. Interest, Payable semi-annually.

We have examined these Bonds carefully, and can recommend them as a safe and paying investment.

Permanent investors are advised to purchase these Bonds both as a protection against loss, theft and fire, and for greater convenience in collecting the interest.

Those who wish to reinvest Coupons and Dividends, and those who wish to increase their incomes from means already invested in other less profitable securities, will do well to examine the merits of the above Bonds.

DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, }
SATURDAY, May 3, 1873. }

The local money market is still becoming easier. The wet weather, however, somewhat interferes with outside transactions. Bond and stock operations were very limited yesterday.

The increase of coal now being made by the Pennsylvania railroad is a certain result of convenient in financial circles, and the price of allotments has been tending downward. The Philadelphia Press in commenting upon the subject says:

While the financial advices from New York and other sections are of an encouraging character, our home markets are laboring under considerable depression, caused by fears of the inability of our community to "carry" without serious inconvenience the new stock to be issued by the Pennsylvania railroad. On all sides we hear the remark that "Pennsylvania railroad must go down," and this is especially disagreeable just now when one of its greatest triumphs is making its trial trip on the Atlantic. while it is true that an increase of one-third of the capital stock of the company is an additional burden so far as our community is a holder of shares, it must be remembered that nearly three-quarters of the entire number are owned outside of Philadelphia, and much of it by parties holding in Europe. The payments into the Pennsylvania railroad office by the two latter classes must render a material aid in easing our money market and assisting our people in carrying their load. Interested "bears" at the Exchange draw gloomy pictures of the future of the market, but their despondency cannot contract the great muscles of the Pennsylvania railroad any more than the flight of a raven can dim the lustre of the sun. The downward course of the allotments has been steady, and they reached this afternoon 83¾. The decline is loosening the confidence of many who were inclined to pay them up, and inducing them to sell out. As advancing market inspires confidence, while the reverse is true of a drooping one, and many will be induced to part with their allotments for fear of a collapse, which some of the operators are only too happy to predict. We repeat, however, that the prospects of the company are better than ever, and their business is so immense that it is impossible to secure rolling stock sufficient to transact it. While this continues to be the case by, and we could hope never to hear the miserable forebodings which a diseased imagination always suggests. Philadelphia has carried the will not fail now while it is on the eve of consummating some of its greatest triumphs.

Luther S. Kauffman, Stock and Note Broker, 116 Smithfield street, furnishes the following quotations of bonds and stocks from his latest advices by telegraph:

	Opening.	Closing.
U. S. 6-20s—1881.	117¾	117¾
" —coupons	121¾	121¾
5-20s—1864.	115¾	115¾
" 1865.	115¾	115¾
" 1865 new.	117¾	117¾
" 1867.	118¾	119
" 1868—coupons.	119	119¼
10-40s—coupons.	111¾	112¾
10-30s—coupons.	113¾	113¾
Currency 6's.	115¾	115¾
New 5 per cent	114¾	114¾
RAILWAYS.		
New York Central.	101¾	101¾
Erie.	64¾	64¾
R. I. & A.	103	103
C. C. & I. C.	35¾	35
St. Paul	58	58¾
Do. preferred	73¾	73¾
Michigan Southern.	92¾	91¾
Do. Central	103	103
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	88¾	88¾
Rock Island.	110¾	110¾
Canton	101	101½
North Western, Common		89
Do. preferred		86
Pacific Mail	53¾	53¾
Western Union Telegraph	87	86¾
Ohio & Mississippi	43	43¾
Union Pacific	32¾	32¾
Toledo & Wabash	69¾	69¾
Fort Wayne	93¾	93¾
Adams Express	95	95
American Express	67¾	67¾
U. S. Express	73¾	73¾
Harlem	127	126

Messrs. Robinson Bro., bankers, No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following quotations of active stock on the Philadelphia Stock Board today:

Penna. Central	54
Reading	57¾
United Cos. of N. J.	115¾
Oil Creek	119¾
Lehigh Valley	58¾
Philadelphia & Erie	69
Pennsylvania Allotments	25¾
Pittsburgh 8s	107¾
Allegheny Valley 7-30	74
Central Transportation	99¾
	97¾

NEW YORK, May 8, 1873.

Financial matters were quiet. Money opened at gold, but soon became abundant at 6@7, and before the close of bank hours loaned at 4@5. Sterling was dull and heavy; 109¼@109¾ for sixty days and 109¾@ 109¾ for sight. Gold was alternately strong and weak, ranging between 117⅜@117⅝, closing at 117⅜@117⅝, buying for carrying, for currency, and 1-16 @ 1-8 for borrowing. Clearings $7,000,000. Government's were firm. State bonds were quiet and steady. Pacific Railroad mortgages were strong, with sales. Hartford & Erie 7's were firm, but closed weak at 40@41 per cent. lower early in the day and higher at the afternoon. Trading in stocks were Pacific Mail, Western Union, Panama and Central, though the latter was not dealt in the rest of the list. Pacific Mail fluctuated as follows: Sales, 54 and 53¾; Western Union 87¾, 86¾, 87¾ and 88¾; Panama 113¾; 112 and 113¾; Canton 103½, 102, 103¾ and 102¾ (ruinous of a new pool in tea and sales and cash dividend of that stock); Lake Shore 92¾, 91¾ and 91¾; St. Paul 58¾, 57¾, 58¾ and 58¾; St. Joseph 41¾, 39¾, 41¾ and 39¾. The other changes were only ¼@¾ per cent. The total sales of stocks were 70,000 shares.

GOVERNMENTS.—U. S. coupons of 1881, 121¾; 5-20s of '62, 115¾; of '64, 115¾; of '65, 115¾; do new, 116¾; do '67, 118¾; do '68, 118¾; new 5's, 114¾; 10-40's, 111¾; currency, 115¾; 6's, 119¾.

STATE BONDS.—Missouri, 93¾; Tennessee, old, 81¾; new, 81¾; Virginia new, 50; do old, 49; North Carolina, old, 40.

STOCKS.—Canton, 102½; Western Union Telegraph Company, 86¾; Quicksilver, 39; Adams Express, 95; Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express, 81; American, 66; United States Express, 67¾; U. S. Express, 73¾; Pacific Mail, 53¾; New York Central, 101¾; Erie, 64¾; do preferred, 74; Harlem, 126; do preferred, 129; Michigan Southern, 92; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, 93¾; Northwestern, 80; do preferred, 89¾; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 88¾; New Jersey Central, 102; St. Paul, 59¼; do preferred, 74¾; Wabash, 69¼; do preferred, 84; Fort Wayne, 93¾; Terre Haute, 45; do preferred, 70; Chicago & Alton, 110¾; do preferred, 111; Ohio & Mississippi, 43¾; Cleveland, Columbus & Cincinnati, 89¾; Burlington & Quincy, 109; Lake Shore, 92; Illinois Central, 125; Pacific, 33¾; Central Pacific, 103¾; Union Pacific, 33¾; Central Pacific, 85¾; Hannibal & St. Joe, 30¾; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 89¾; Delaware & Lackawanna, 102; Hartford & Erie, 3; Bankers' bills, 108¾.

LONDON, May 8—P. M.—The bullion in the Bank of England has decreased £499,000 since last week. Consols for money and for account 93¾; American securities: 5-20's 86, old, 92; do '67, 92¾; 10-40's, 89¾; Illinois Central, 95¾; Erie, 26¾.

PARIS, May 8.—The specie in the Bank of France has increased 3,000,000 francs the past week. Rentes 84 francs 22 centimes.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, }
TUESDAY, May 6, 1873. }

APPLES—There is a continued steady demand especially for good sound fruit, and prices are firm but unchanged. $2 to $2.50 per brl for common to fair, and $3.50 to $4 for prime to choice.

APPLE BUTTER—35@35 cents per gallon.

BEANS—$2.50@2.75 per bushel.

BEESWAX—Quoted at 33@35 cents per lb.

BUTTER—Continues active, but there is no quotable change in prices, 25@30 for strictly fine roll, and 19@23 for inferior. Dealers generally realize being apprehensive of a still further decline.

BROOM CORN—There is a fair demand, mostly for medium qualities, but no change in prices; 3¾c for red; 5¾c for green, and 6@7c for hurl and self-working.

CARBON OIL—Is weaker, and cannot be quoted above 16¾ by the carload, and 18@ cents additional for smaller lots.

CANNED GOODS—Peaches, 3 lb. cans, $3@ 3.25; Winslow's Corn, $3; other brands, $2.75; Tomatoes, $2.50.

CHEESE—Is quoted firmer in New York, but our market is well supplied, and prices remain unchanged. We quote Western Reserve, 11@12; new Ohio Factory, 10@15; prime to choice New Goshen, 16¾@17.

DRIED FRUIT—BACON—Shoulders, 6@7; Clear Sides, 8@8; Hams, 10@12. Country Lard, 8@8½c

DRIED FRUIT—Continues exceedingly dull, but prices are nominally unchanged. Peaches, halves, 6@6½; Apples, 3¾@4¼. Plums, 12@12½.

EGGS—The arrivals within the past couple of days seem to have slacked up somewhat, but the supply still seems to be equal to the demand, and notwithstanding the market is reported steady, there is no advance in prices—15 may still be regarded as the ruling quotation.

FLOUR—We report a receipt to continued fair local demand, but the supply is fully up to it, and prices remain unchanged. Spring wheat flours, $5.75@6.25; red and white winter, $6.00@7.— the mills here are charging $6.50 for their best brands. Rye Flour, $5.50@5.75.

GRAIN—The market for oats is reported firmer, and we advance our quotations to 47@50 according to quality. Corn is also higher, and may be quoted at 56@58 for shelled, with a sale of 3 cars reported at 56. Ear Corn is scarce, and there is some inquiry for it, but we hear of no sales. The arrivals and offerings of hay at least continue very limited, and the mills are taking all good offerings within the range of quotations; $1.80 @1.85 for fair to choice red, and $1.85@2.00 for white. Rye is quiet with little or no stock in this market, and but very little inquiry for it: we continue to quote at 80@85. Barley is also very limited supply and there is some inquiry for it, but prices remain unchanged: 85@90 for spring, and 95@1 for fall.

GROCERIES—There is a very fair demand for the leading staples, particularly Sugars and Coffees, and prices are firm but unchanged. The grocery trade, like everything else, would be greatly benefited by some decent weather; the recent rains have placed the country roads in a bad condition, and this has a bad effect on business. A country merchant who is 20 or 30 miles from the line of a railroad or river, will not order goods as long as transportation is attended with so much difficulty and expense.

COFFEE—Choice Rio, 24; Good to Prime, 22@ 23½c; fair, 21@22c. Old Government Java, 31c; other Javas, 26@28c. Roasted Rio, 1 lb packages, 28@ loose, 27¾c. Roasted Java, 33¾

SUGARS—Patent Cut Loaf, 15c; Crushed, Granulated and Powdered, 12. Standard A, 11¾; B, 11¼; Ex. C, 10¾c; Yellow, 10¾; Circle C, 10¾; Lower grades, 9@10.

SYRUPS—White Drips, 65; other grades ranging from 40 to 60, as to quality.

RICE—Choice Carolina, 9; prime, 8¾; Patna, 8; Rangoon, 7¾@8

MOLASSES—Choice New Orleans, 73@75c; Prime 70@72.

SALT—Loose hay is still quoted at $16 to $18 per ton from store, according to quality and condition, and the market is dull. Sacked hay in the sales at $20@25. Baled is also quiet and unchanged, $15@20.

HOMINY—$4@4.25 per barrel.

MAPLE SYRUP—Sales at $1.35@1.40 for gal lon jugs. Maple Sugar, 14, granulated, and 15@ 16 in cakes.

MILL FEED—Continues dull, but prices are without quotable change; $15 to 20c per cwt. for Bran; 90@$1 for Seconds, and $1.10@1.20 for Middlings.

PROVISIONS—Extra Sugar Cured Hams, 14½c, canvassed do., 15c; Extra Sugar Cured Shoulders, plain, 10, canvassed, 10½c; Sugar Cured Breakfast Bacon, 13½c, canvassed, 13¾c; Extra Sugar Cured Dried Beef, 15½, canvassed, 16c; Sugar Cured Beef tongues, $7.50; per piece. Plain Shoulders, 7c; Rib Sides, 9; Short Rib Sides, 9¼; Clear Sides, Short Rib, $18.50; Leaf Lard, in tres, 10¼c; half bbls, 10½c; bbls, 11¾c; refined for summer use in tres, 10½c, ½ brls, 11¾; bbls, 11¾; refined in 3 lb caddies, 12¾; do in 5 lb 12¾; do in 3 lb pails 13¾; do in 5 lb pails, 13¾. Hog Sausage 12½.

POULTRY—Live chickens still quoted at 50@60c per pair by the coop.

POTATOES—Prime stock, quotable in a jobbing way at 70@75 for mixed, and 80@85 for Peach Blows.

RAGS—Quoted at 3@3½c.

SHAKER CORN—14@15c per lb.

SEEDS—Clover Seed is in fair demand notwithstanding the lateness of the season, and prices are well sustained, ranging from $5.75@6 per bushel. Timothy Seed steady at $3.75@4. Flax Seed, $2.25@2.35.

TALLOW—Is quoted at 7@7½c.

WHISKY—Highwines quotable at 92@93 cts per gallon.

PITTSBURGH LIVE STOCK MARKET.

CENTRAL STOCK YARDS, EAST LIBERTY, }
THURSDAY, May 8, 1873. }

Trade, since the date of our last report, yesterday, has not improved any, and as are then stated, the indications are that the market will be sluggish and unsatisfactory during the balance of the week. Buyers, in view of the continued unfavorable advices from the east, seem to be kind of demoralized; they are not disposed to operate very largely, notwithstanding prices are lower, being governed entirely by Philadelphia and New York will be hard again next week again, as it is confidently expected that both of these markets will be overstocked. Several droves, mostly small ones, have been taken for shipment to New York, but the Philadelphia shippers are still holding off, in hopes of forcing prices still lower, and as we stated in our last report, they will not take as many cattle this week as ordinarily in view of the fact that many of the Philadelphia men purchased a two week's supply last Monday. Stock cattle are more sought after than at any time this season, and quicker and at relatively better prices: thrifty steers 900@1,000 lbs weight may be quoted at 5¾ @6c. For 16 car loads of good, fat, 1,200 lb steers, 5¾ was the best bid that could be obtained, and a drove of Texas, 1,050 lbs, fed in Illinois was sold at 5c. Following quotations are reported by some of our commission firms.

Hedges, Bull & Co. quote fancy or extra, 6¼@ 6½c; prime, 6; fair, 5¾; medium, 5¼; common, $1.20 Cherokee and Texas, 4¾@5; scalawags, 3@4.

Watson & Bright's extras, 1,200@1,500 steers, 6¼@ 7; prime, 1,100@1,200, 5¾@6; good, 1,000@1,100, 5¾@5¾; stock cattle, 800@1,000, 4¾@5¾; mixed rousters, 3¾@4¾.

Ulery & Hamilton, extra, 1,200@1,500 steers, 6@ 6¼c; good to prime, 1,100@1,200, 5¾@6; common, 1,000@1,100, 4¾@5¾; bulls, stags, 3@4; cows, 2¾@3¾; Texans, fair to prime, 5@5¾; stockers, 900@1,000 lbs, 5¼@5¾.

SHEEP.

With continued light receipts and a steady demand, the market is firm at the advance noted in our last report; trade this week has turned out quite different from what was expected at the close of last week, and we have no doubt but what this feeling was the means of causing the unexpectedly light receipts, and this aided very materially in averting the realization of the expectations then entertained. Instead of being the worst, as it was expected it would be, it has been the best market we have had for several weeks, and as noted in our report of yesterday, prices are higher. Clipped sheep may be quoted at 5¾@6 for prime 90@100 pounds, 5@5¼ for fair to good, and 4¾@5 for common. Wooled sheep are growing smaller and smaller, and there is not much inquiry for them; fine wool quotable at 6¾@7¼ for prime to extra, and 6@6¼ for common.

HOGS.

The arrivals of hogs continue liberal, and with no improvement in the demand, and the supply accumulating, the market is exceedingly dull, and prices have still further declined. We now quote prime to fat Philadelphia hogs at 5¼@5¾, and fair to prime Yorkers at 5,20@5.30.

Receipts Pig Metal, Ore and Blooms.

PITTSBURGH FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, P. R. R. LESSEE.

McIntosh & B.m	1	Nimick and Co.m	17
Zug and Co.m	2		
Total			20
PENN'A. CENTRAL RAILROAD.			
J Reamer.m	2	Nimick and Co.m	14
Caughey & H.m	3		
Total			19
CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R.			
J Moorhead.b	2	Chess, S & Co.p	2
McIntosh H and Co.p	1		
Total			5

DRY GOODS.

NEW YORK, May 8.—There was a quiet market for all descriptions of goods in first hands, and jobbers were only moderately active. Cotton goods were in steady demand at unchanged prices, except rolled jaconets, which are reduced to some of the jobbers 8¾, and are selling freely. Print cloths advanced ⅛c. Heavy Canton Flannels remain about as before, especially Pacific, Cocheco, Merrimac and Manchester brands at 11½c. Woolens and worsteds in first hands are quiet. Shawls and woolens remain inactive. Foreign goods are brisk at auction, but dull in private sales.

CHICAGO, May 8.—Flour steady with a moderate demand; sales superfine spring at $3.75@4.00; extra steady with a moderate demand; sales No 2 spring Chicago at $4.25 cash or seller May; $4.20 cash; No 3 do $3.75; stock cattle, $3@3.50; mixed rousters, 2¾@3¼.

Ulery & Hamilton, extra, 1,200@1,500 steers, 6@ 6¼c; good to prime, 1,100@1,200, 5¾@6; common, 1,000@1,100, 4¾@5¾; bulls, stags, 3@4; cows, 2¾@3¾; Texans, fair to prime, 5@5¾; stockers, 900@1,000 lbs, 5¼@5¾.

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PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, }
THURSDAY, May 8, 1873. }

The market for both crude and refined continues dull and weak, although as compared with yesterday, there is no quotable change in prices. Crude was quoted at $2.52½@2.55 per bbl at Parker—equal to about 6.90c per gallon delivered here; buyers generally are still holding off in hopes of a still further decline, while producers will sustain the market if such a thing is possible. Refined continues dull, and prices are a shade lower; may be quoted nominally at 30c on cars, here, and 19½@19¾c delivered in Philadelphia. It is probable, however, that business will revive again soon, and very likely when least looked for or expected.

Oil barrels reported in limited supply, and firm but unchanged. Countries, $2.05 city make, 9 pound hoops, 2.10; 10 lb hoops, $2.15.

RECEIPTS CRUDE OIL.

Citizens O W, acct. Tack & M	551
Commercial O W, acct. Stevenson	612
Brilliant O W, acct. Lockhart & F	534
Brilliant O W, acct. Bushnell	537
Petrolite O W, acct. Batchelor	463
Keystone O W, acct. Bushnell	476
Standard O W, acct. Bushnell	905
Standard O W, acct. Bushnell	621
Radiant O W, acct. Stevenson	243
Nonpareil O W, acct. Buell	474
Model O W, acct. Bushnell	469
Total	5,285

REFINED OIL SHIPPED EAST VIA A. V. R. R.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
P. Weidenberger	Warden, Frew & Co.	147
Standard Oil Co.	Warden, Frew & Co.	515
Livingston Bros.	Warden, Frew & Co.	595
W. Irwin & Co.	Warth, g, King & Co.	52
Citizens Oil Co.	Tack, Irwin & Co.	502
Central Ref Co.	J. P. Logan.	1,096
Central Ref Co.	Carson & Colin	90
Central Ref Co.	C. Pratt, New York	111
Total		3,354

Iron Markets.

PHILADELPHIA, May 6.—We extract the following items from Edward Samuel's circular:

The past month has been without any movement in the market worth noticing. The continued tightness in the money market has had a small sales of goods, and there have been the demand for all grades is exceedingly light, with opposition on the part of purchasers to buy for future delivery—at the same time there is very little iron pressing on the market for sale, and it is safe to presume that if trade in manufactured iron becomes brisk, prices will be maintained. There is, however, an accumulation of stocks in the makers' hands, which soonor later must come on the market, the effect of which may be to lower prices, at an earlier day than at present anticipated. Quotations for good makers are as follows: $46@48 for No. 1, $42@43 for No. 2, $39@38 for No. 3 forge, at furnace.

Scotch Pig—The local market has been quiet, with no transaction of magnitude. Eglinton is held at $38@34.

In the English market prices have receded about 30s @ 40s per ton in comparison with last month's figures. Under date of April 16 the Liverpool quotations were F. O. B. in the Clyde as follows: Gartsherrie 140s; Coltness, 142s 6d; Summerlee 136s; Langloan 140s; Calder 145s; Carnbroe 125s; Glengarnock 130s; Dalmellington 130s; Eglinton 128s. F. O. B. Liverpool about 6s ₱ ton more all around:

Exports to the U. S. for month of March, 6,698 tons.

Exports to the U. S. for three months ending March 31, 28,898 "

Stock of pig iron in store at Glasgow, 31th December, 1872, 106,919 "

Stock of pig iron in store at Glasgow, 10th April, 1873, 79,866 "

Decrease, 27,153 "

Rails have sympathized with the general market, and are, for the season, unusually dull. Orders have been placed at from $82 to $85 mill, but the principal work on hand is re-rolling, most of the new rails going out of the market in consequence of the difficulty in negotiating bonds. English rails are quoted at £11 10s@£12 5s per ton, Cork 2½ Wales, and nominally at $72, gold, New York.

Merchant Bars.—Although it was stated at the meeting of Eastern Iron Association that some mills have orders ahead for four or six months, it is certainly the fact that this is not generally the case, indeed the contrary is much nearer the truth, and the disposition on the part of many makers to take orders at concessions merely proves this. There is some talk of some trouble ahead with the puddlers, and a consideration of the high price and limited production which are expected to curtail our production. At 4c there is a fair inquiry in making, store price for best refined.

NEW YORK, May 7.—The Shipping List says: Scotch Pig is without considerable change. There have been no further arrivals of consequence, and the lots that were pressing on the market have been disposed of. On the whole, though business is dull and somewhat restricted, the tone is perhaps a steadier tone. We note sales of about 300 tons Glengarnock from ship at private price, and 250 do. Coltness delivered @ 32. The Iron Which Company's prices for No. 1 American Pig are firm at $33, but considerable sale privileges at lower figures than they can be bought from the works. We note a sale of 200 tons No. 1 Allentown, an outside lot, at $33 cash. New English Rails are dull. New American are without business. Old Rails are more quiet, and we hear of no sales. Scrap is moving slowly; 200 tons No. 1 Wrought from yard, and a small lot from ship, both on private terms. Refined Bar from store continues rather quiet, and prices are nominal at $5.25@5.50.

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Coastwise	21		1,356
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Same time, 1872	15,488	18,230	113,302

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, May 8.—Cotton dull and unchanged; uplands at 20c; sales of futures, 44,100 bales, as follows: May 19½c; June 19 5-16@19½c; July 19 7-16@19¾c; August 18 3-16@18¾c. Flour firm; receipts 5,000 barrels; sales 10,000 barrels; extras $6.50@6.80; common to fair extra $6.20@7.25; choice do $7.30@8.40; common to choice white wheat extra western $7.50@8.40; common to choice do Ohio $7.50@8.40; St. Louis $7.50@12.75. Rye flour firm; superfine $5.25@5.50. Corn meal firmer at $2.95@3.00. Wheat firm; receipts 35,000 bushels; No. 1 do $1.06@1.06½; amber western $1.08@1.09. Rye firm. Barley steady; No 2 nominal. Corn firmer; receipts 64,000 bushels; new mixed western 59@60c; old 62@63c; white 58@60c; yellow 62@63c. Oats firm; receipts 60,000 bushels; sales 30,000 bushels; new mixed western 36@38c; old 47@48c; white 40@42c. Beef quiet and unchanged. Cut meats firmer; receipts 1,800 packages; sales 1,000 packages; middles 5½c; clear sides 6¼c. Lard quiet and lower; western steam 9¼@9½c; city 9¼c; sales 250 tierces at 9¼c; options 9¼@9¾c; prime steam 9c. Whisky steady at 85@86c.

LONDON, May 8.—Tallow 41s 6d@43.

LIVERPOOL, May 8.—Cotton irregular; sales of 10,000 bales, including 6,000 American at Beef, Hams, Cut Meats and Lard unchanged. Bacon 25s@26s for short ribs and long clear. Cheese 62s. Pork quiet and unchanged. Corn firmer at 29s 6d@30s for mixed western. Wheat—No 1 red winter 10s 6d@10s 7d; No 2 do 10s 3d@10s 4d; No 1 spring 10s 3d@10s 4d; No 2 do 9s 10d@10s; No 1 California 10s 6d@10s 7d. Flour 26s@27s 6d for Ohio extra. Peas 39s 6d. Barley 37s 6d@38s for Canada. Oats 21s 6d@22s for western. Spirits petroleum 1s 2d@1s 2½d. Refined 2d. Rosin 7s 6d@8s. Spirits turpentine 34s 6d. Petroleum quiet; crude 9½d; refined 2d. Mess pork dull and unchanged. Lard quiet and unchanged. Bacon quiet; cut meats unchanged. Tallow steady at 43s 6d@44s. Beef steady. Hams quiet. Cut meats unchanged. Middles dull; long clear 37s 6d@38s. Lard quiet and lower; western steam 37s 6d@38s; Cumberland cut 32s 6d; Winchester 36s; Langloan 36s; Calder 36s; Carnbroe 42s; Glengarnock 38s; Dalmellington 33s; Eglinton 38s. F. O. B. Liverpool about 6s ₱ ton more all around:

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Very Latest News.

LOUISIANA.

The Kellogg-McEnery War.

TWO PERSONS WOUNDED IN THE SKIRMISH OF WEDNESDAY.

The Mayor of St. Martinsville Imprisoned.

THE NEGROES URGED TO TAKE UP ARMS.

The Attempted Assassination of Gov. Kellogg.

Skirmishing at St. Martinsville.

NEW IBERIA, May 7.—Couriers, arriving from St. Martinsville this evening, report skirmishing all day, with no serious results so far. Badger came out of town this evening with his Napoleon twelve-pounder and twenty-five men to compel the citizens to retire. After firing a few rounds he was compelled to beat a hasty retreat, large bodies of citizens being on all sides and rapidly closing in on him. The citizens are in excellent spirits, and want for nothing. Wagons are coming in with supplies from all points and long distances. Deblanc can capture the town at any time that he feels so disposed, but his object is more to resist Kellogg's Government than to have any blood spilt. Several Metropolitans deserted to-day. Large numbers of citizens are ready to move when called upon.

Two Persons Wounded.

NEW IBERIA, May 8.—The latest advices from St. Martinsville report that the situation is unchanged. During the skirmish yesterday afternoon a young lady of sixteen was wounded in the neck, and one man in the arm. It appears that the police fired on some houses, thinking that there were armed men within. Badger's position is considered precarious, and his retreat may be expected at any time.

The Mayor of St. Martinsville Imprisoned.

The Mayor of the town has been imprisoned for high treason.

Metropolitans Wounded.

The number of Metropolitans wounded is less than heretofore reported.

Negroes Urged to Take Up Arms.

The people here are less excited to-day, but firm. All look for startling news. Some white men were heard urging the negroes to take up arms yesterday, and one threatened to buck and gag one of our best citizens for discountenancing such a proceeding. The project, however, has falled, so far as the negroes are concerned. They say it is not their fight.

Dispatch from Gen. Sherman.

NEW ORLEANS, May 8. —The following was received to-day.

Washington, May 7.—To W. P. A. Kellogg, Governor of Louisiana: The President directs me to say to you that he deprecates an aggressive policy, and that the United States authorities are not to be used except in an emergency. The officer in command of the department is which Louisiana is included has been sent full instructions in regard to the course the President desires him to pursue. You will therefore take no action which would require the sanction of the President without orders from these headquarters.

[Signed.] W. T. SHERMAN, General.

The Attempted Assassination of Gov. Kellogg.

NEW ORLEANS, May 8.—The *Picayune* has the following: After the crack of the whip or the pistol shot, or whatever it was that frightened Kellogg last evening, he jumped into his carriage and was driven at a furious rate to the St. Charles Hotel. Kellogg got out, and in a very nervous manner, as pale as a ghost, inquired for Mr. Bob Rivers, the proprietor of the hotel. When he came Kellogg seized him by the arm in a very excited manner, and hurried him into Rivers' bar-room. His first words were: "Mr. Rivers, I am in great trouble." Said Mr. Rivers, "What is the matter?" "I have been shot at. I don't know what I have done to this people that they should desire to take my life. What shall I do? Oh! what shall I do?" clasping his hands in his extreme agitation. "I tell you what I would do if I were in your place. I would pack up my trunk and leave the place alone, as you don't seem to be wanted in the future." After some further conversation, Kellogg sent for some deputy marshals and police, and was driven to General Emory's headquarters.

Telegram from Senator West.

NEW ORLEANS, May 8.—Senator West telegraphed the following to Kellogg to-day from Washington: "If you are threatened with violent combinations too painful to be overcome by your State forces, and you think it necessary to require the aid of the forces of the United States, make a requisition upon the President, in accordance with the Constitution of the United States, stating the fact, and that your Legislature can be convened, and I know that every means will be placed at your disposal to fully maintain your authority."

Another Dispatch from General Sherman

An extra *Republican* says: General Emory has received the following dispatch, and will act upon the instructions without delay:

Washington, D. C., May 8, 1873.—General W. H. Emory, Commanding the Department of New Orleans, La.: If in your judgment the troops are needed in Louisiana, make you call clear and specific, and we will endeavor to supply them.

[Signed.] W. T. SHERMAN, General.

Troops Under Marching Orders.

The troops at Jackson, Miss., and other points have received marching orders under the above instructions.

A special dispatch from Jackson says: "The entire garrison will leave here to night for Louisiana."

Mounted Metropolitans for St Martinsville.

BRASHEAR CITY, May 8.—About forty mounted Metropolitans crossed the Teche river to day *en route* for St. Martinsville. The balance, about fifty, returned to New Orleans this evening.

The Troops Without Transportation.

The United States troops are still here, awaiting transportation. Arrangements had been made for transportation with the agreement that the deputy United States Marshal should not accompany them. The boat they were to leave on came in sight, but from some unknown cause turned back in the direction of Franklin, leaving the troops on the wharf. They were very much disappointed on seeing the boat turn back, appearing anxious to reach their destination.

The Metropolitans had orders to seize the steamer Flora. They saw her coming in about 6 P. M., and marched down to the wharf, ready to board her and start for St. Martinsville, but the captain of the Flora, seeing them on the the wharf, immediately turned the boat and went in another direction. Many citizens were on the wharf and evidently enjoyed the disappointment of the Metropolitan force.

It is generally believed that the United States troops will not get transportation for several days. The mails are being brought here overland. All is quiet up to this hour (6 P. M.)

Affairs at Franklin.

FRANKLIN, La., May 8.—Forty-three mounted policemen left Brashear to-night. If they push on they will probably reach here by two o'clock.

A meeting of citizens is now being held at Evans Hall, the result of which will be known on the arrival of the Metropolitans.

The negroes seem quiet. They consider it a contest between whites, in which they have no right to interfere, so long as their rights are not interfered with. J. J. Moore, colored Representative from St. Mary, in the Legislature of 1870, advises his colored friends to remain at their homes.

The first mail arrived to-night since Tuesday. We have had no information from the outside except by telegraph and couriers.

Correction.

NEW ORLEANS, May 8.—To-morrow's *Picayune* will contain the following: The dispatch we printed yesterday morning as from General Sherman to W. D. Kellogg was received by us from a source considered entirely worthy and responsible. It was impossible for us to verify it of our own knowledge, but as authentic to the best of our knowledge and belief we published it. Its authenticity we find is denied and its terms contradicted. We therefore hasten to give the public the benefit of the fact and to state our position in relation to the dispatch.

There is official authority for denying the authenticity of the dispatch published to-day, dated New Orleans, May 7, and purporting to be from General Sherman to Governor Kellogg.

Special Bargains this Week.

New Kid Gauntlets, latest styles.

Novelties in Sashes.

Sash, Ribbons, Moire and Plaids,

Hamburg Embroideries, new Patterns.

Guipure Laces, Gimps and Fringes.

Ladies' Fine Undergarments.

Prices lower than ever at

ROSENBAUM & FLEISHMAN'S,

MWF 76 Market street.

Pure Wines and Liquors.

Mr. Isaac Stern, the well-known liquor merchant, who has been located at No. 162 Federal street, Allegheny, for the past seventeen years, has recently made large additions to his heretofore extensive stock, and can now offer peculiar inducements to his customers, and others, in Brandies, Wines, Gins, Rye, Bourbon, and Monongahela Whiskies. In order to correct a misapprehension, Mr. Stern deems it advisable to state that he has no business connection with any similar establishment in either city. 2

The Weed Sewing Machine will prove most satisfactory in the varied uses of a family machine. Call at 116 Market street.

HOME NEWS.

Letters Held for Postage.—W. R. H. Brown, Oil City, Pa., 3c; A. S. Barnes & Co., New York, 3c; Cruminer & Nichol, Steubenville, Ohio., 3c; W. L. Edwards, Ashland, Ohio, 3c, Thos. E. Lovel, Shoemaker City, 2c; Enoch McDonald, Ripley, Ohio, 3c; Wm. Patterson, Wilkinsburg, Pa., 1c; Benj. H. Shoemaker, Philadelphia, Pa., 3c.

European Steamship Arrivals Yesterday.

A dispatch received at Max Schamberg's European Steamship and Telegraph Office, at No. 163 Smithfield street, announces the arrival of the

Hamburg line Steamer Hammonia at New York;

Rotterdam line steamer Castor at New York;

Cunard line steamer Algeria at New York;

All Right at the Water Works.

Superintendent Atkinson reports everything now in ship shape at the water works, and makes the announcement that will be gratifying to cleanly housewives and none the less so to pedestrians, that the basin will contain an abundance of water to morrow, so that the scouring of side-walks, will not be interfered with. The Superintendent has been indefatigable in his efforts, and the speedy completion of the work to be had in hand attests his efficiency.

The Red Men.

The Great Council of the Improved order of Red Men is still in session in Titusville, and the Council thus far has been a very pleasant one. On Wednesday the Committee on Returns reported a membership of over 17,000 within the bounds of the Council. The records were ordered to be printed. A proposition was under consideration looking to an investment in the Centennial Enterprise by the appointment of a committee to secure subscriptions and institute measures for united action upon the part of the Order. It was also stipulated that in case any profit resulted from the investment, it should be paid over to increase the Hall Fund. A ball at night engaged the attention of the delegates.

Shady Side Building and Loan Association

At a meeting of the subscribers to the stock of the Shady Side Building and Loan Association held on Tuesday evening, at the Twentieth ward school house, officers pro tem. were elected as follows:

President—W. H. Donaldson.

Treasurer—Dr. F. Bose.

Secretary—J. Kanigan.

Solicitor—J. E. Schideler.

Over five hundred shares are now subscribed and those who wish a safe and profitable investment should be prompt in having their names down at the next meeting.

These societies have now become a permanent institution, and in proper hands cannot fail to be profitable in general good and financial prosperity. Meetings every Tuesday evening. See advertisement.

Amusements.

PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.—The play of "John Garth" with its very competent cast, is drawing crowded houses every night. It is well worthy of patronage as it is a play of considerable merit and a spicy dialogue. Mr. John Jack as "John Garth," Miss Andie Firmin as "Hester Dearham," and Mr. J. N. Gotthold as "Paolo Baretti," are all of course the characters around whom all the interest of the drama centers. They render their parts with satisfaction. "John Garth" will be repeated this evening.

TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES.—The various performances given here this week have been highly relished by the large audiences who gather there nightly. Another good bill to-night.

ALESSANDRO SCIARDELLA.—Last evening this beautiful opera was repeated by the Frohsinn Society at Library Hall to a house that was crowded in everyspart. The opera was finely sung. Mrs. Dahelle of course being the "head centre" of the affair, Messrs. Raiber, Sykes, and Schmidt also did remarkably well in their respective roles. The chorus too was large (60 performers) and was exceedingly well balanced, while the orchestra was all that could be desired. Taken in all it was one of the best musical entertainments ever given in Pittsburgh, and in point of art would compare favorably with any professional representation.

After the opera was sung, the Frohsinn Society gave a social at Turner Hall, which past off very pleasantly. The Society and their guests whirling in the "mazy" till the "wee sma" hours.

CONCLAVE OF THE TAXPAYERS.

What They Did Last Evening.

The Taxpayers' Union met again in conclave last evening. Solemn speakers with solemn faces made solemn speeches, and the old bond question was again raised from the ground in battle array. The Executive Committee appeared with their little report, and made their long remarks about the statement which had been published in the papers. The statement, however, did not satisfy the committee, as they did not see by what right the city transferred her bonds. While expressing themselves satisfied with the statement made, the main question as by what authority the city disposed of its bonds still remained unexplained. The committee advised further forbearance on the part of the Union.

A SOUTH SIDE FIRE.

The Packing House of Adams & Co.'s Glass House Destroyed.

Last evening about quarter to eleven o'clock the bells of the South Side pealed forth an alarm of fire. With commendable promptness the Meharle's and Walton Hose Companies responded to the call. The alarm was occasioned by a fire being discovered in the packing house of Adams & Co.'s glass house, corner of Tenth and Washinton streets. The fire raged with some fierceness, and for a time it was feared that the entire factory would be destroyed, but the Duquesne steamer going over from this side materially aided in keeping the fire in check. The building in which the fire originated, a frame, about 80x30 feet, was burned to the ground. The loss on the building will probably amount to $1,500, and on stock $1,000, fully covered by insurance. Mr. Adams believes the fire to have been caused by an incendiary.

CITY PROPERTY.

Meeting of the Committee Last Night—The Thirty-sixth Ward Lock-up—The New Central Station House.

The Committee on Property met last evening at the office of the City Clerk, Col. Wm. Phillips in the chair.

The architect of the Central Station, now building, handed in the monthly estimate of contractors' work, amounting to $2,160, which estimate was ordered to be placed on the pay-roll.

The Sub committee in charge of Thirty sixth ward, station house, reported that they had rented a house and constructed temporary cells for prisoners. The debts contracted by this Committee were ordered on the pay roll.

The Chairman of the Police Committee presented a resolution from his Committee asking the City Property Committee to purchase certain lots for station houses in two districts. Col. Phillips decided that the matter should be presented to Councils, and that Councils must first give the ity Property Committee power to purchase before they could do so. The papers were withdrawn and will be presented in Council.

The Committee then adjourned.

A SOMNAMBULISTIC LEAP.

Jumping off a Train Running at Thirty-five Miles an Hour—A Miraculous Escape.

A German man who left this city on Wednesday evening's Fast line east, fell asleep. While between Bolivar and Lockport, he suddenly took a somnambulistic fit and started for the door. The train at the time was running at the rate of over thirty-five miles an hour. He stood on the platform awhile surveying things, and then took a mad leap, going down an embankment into a ditch some thirty feet below. A passenger who saw him jump, immediately gave the alarm and the train was stopped within a short distance of where the man had jumped off. The conductor got off, of course expecting to find the mangled form of the would-be suicide. But, imagine the surprise when the same man walking down the track somewhat surprised and covered with mud. The conductor asked him in English why he jumped off, and the man answered in German he didn't know. Between the two there was a slight misunderstanding—in language. The conductor, however, took him back to the train and into the car glad that no more serious accident than a short delay had happened. The party who made the jump was returning on a pleasure trip to his home, calculating of course, that this would count one on the side of —no pleasure.

THE LEAP OF A MANIAC.

Jumping From a Running Train and Fatally Injured.

A passenger, apparently an American, about twenty-eight years of age, leaped from the emigrant train coming west on Wednesday night, west of Brinton, and received, it is feared, fatal injury. From the conductor of the train it was learned that the man had been apparently suffering from an aberation of the mind. Just before the train had arrived at Brinton he had fell or jumped off the train, severely hurting his knee. At the time that this happened the train was not running over four miles an hour. When the train arrived at Brinton the conductor found him sitting on the steps of a platform of one of the cars. He told him not to sit there, as he might get hurt or fall off. The conductor then left him. Shortly after the train left Brinton the Conductor and a brakeman found the man still sitting on the platform. The man complained of having been hurt. The conductor again tried to induce him to come inside the car. "No," said he, "I'll die first." The conductor and brakeman then attempted to carry him in, when he made a leap from them into a ditch, striking on his head, rendering him insensible. The train, which was only running at the rate of about eight or nine miles an hour, was quickly stopped, the man picked up and brought to this city. He was taken to the Western Pennsylvania Hospital, where, up to a late hour last night he remained in a senseless condition.

Saladee's King of the Road.

This is the name of the new buck wagon introduced by those enterprising carriage and wagon builders, Messrs. C. West & Co., Nos. 75, 77 and 79 Liberty street. It is so vast superior to anything of the kind that has yet made its appearance that we doubt not it will meet with an extensive sale. It is light and strong, and the easiest riding buck wagon ever made. It is built with two perches, after the style of a buggy, and has equalizing links, thus doing away with the side motion incident to side spring vehicles. The King of the Road is warranted in every respect, and cannot fail to give the purchaser complete satisfaction.

C. Coleman & Son, No's. 16, 17, 18 and 19 Marion Avenue, Allegheny, supply promptly and at very low prices, every description of one and two horse wagons, carts and wheelbarrows, also steeltooth horse hayrakes, hubs, spokes, and fellows. Call and see or send for an illustrated price list.

ALLEGHENY COUNCILS.

Regular Meeting Last Night

New Members Admitted to Seats—A Large Batch of Ordinances Disposed of—Reports from the Committees—Groceries in the Markets—The Wooden Building Law Maintained—Petitions, Memorials and Remonstrances.

Allegheny Councils held a regular monthly meeting last night, at their chamber in City Building.

SELECT COUNCIL.

JAMES McBRIER.....President.
ROLAND T. WHITE.....Clerk

President McBrier called this branch to order at eight o'clock, the following members being present: Messrs. Bellstein, Cochran, Day, Gault, Heagy, Huckestine, Kirkpatrick, Megraw, Moul Omsler, J. C. Patterson, Alexander Patterson, Reineman, Riddle, Stuart, Sweeny, Zinkand and President McBrier.

Minutes read and approved.

SWORN IN.

The returns from a special election for Councilmen held in the Eleventh ward (late McClure township), were presented, showing the election of Mr. W. F. Richardson and Mr. Charles H. Hartman—the latter gentleman having been elected for the long term. The returns were approved, and the gentlemen named were qualified and admitted to seats in Council.

PETITIONS, ETC.

Mr. ALEX PATTERSON presented a petition for change of name of Cedar alley to Magnolia street. Laid over temporarily.

Mr. MOCH, remonstrance against the grading and paving of Ford street, Second ward. Referred to Street Committee.

Mr. KREILING, resolution for a survey of that portion of the Tenth ward lying between New Brighton road, Black land, Perrysville road and old city line. Referred to the Survey Committee in connection with the City Engineer.

Mr. HABITSON, resolution for culverts at the intersection of Knoll and James streets and at intersection of Allegheny and Webster avenues. Referred to Street Committee.

Mr. HASTINGS, an ordinance preventing the standing of cars of passenger railway companies on streets at the terminus of their roads. Referred to Street Railroad Committee.

Mr. COCHRAN, petition for water pipe on Manhattan street. Referred to Water Committee.

The same, resolution for gas lamp on Pennsylvania avenue, between Manhattan and Fulton streets. Referred to Gas Committee.

Mr. BROWN, petition for the appointment of two policemen for the Eleventh ward. Referred to Police Committee.

Mr. O'DELL, resolution for sewer drop on Crawford street, to connect with Spring Garden avenue sewer. Referred to Street Committee.

Mr. BROWN, resolution for gas lamp on Union avenue between Montgomery avenue and Turtle run, Third ward. Referred to Gas Committee.

Mr. BROWN, petition for a sewer on Vine alley. Referred to Street and Sewer Committee.

Mr. BROWN, an ordinance changing name of Orchard alley, Third ward, to Orchard street. Passed.

Mr. MCCHESNEY, petition for a pipe sewer on Ohio avenue, Ninth ward. Referred to Committee on Streets and Sewers.

Mr. STEWARDSON, petition for the repaving of Orchard street. Referred to Street Committee.

Mr. GRAHAM, petition from old soldiers, for permission to use Common Council chamber for one evening—May 12th—to make arrangements for Decoration Day. Request granted.

Mr. SCHMITT, petition for the grading of Kelkenbeck street. Referred to Street Committee.

The same, remonstrance against the sewer on East street, Seventh ward. Referred to Committee on Streets and Sewers.

Mr. MCNEIL, petition for a main sewer on Ohio street, between East and Middle streets. Referred to the Committee on Streets and Sewers.

The same, petition for continuation of sewers on Madison avenue, Liberty street, and Washington street. Referred to the Committee on Streets and Sewers.

Mr. KLICKER, remonstrance against extension of sewer on Ohio street, between East and Middle streets. Referred to Committee on Streets and Sewers.

CITY REVENUES.

Mr. COOKE, of the Market Committee, reported that they think it is inadvisable to present the selling of groceries in the market house, as it is a public convenience.

The following receipts are reported for April:

Clerk of Markets	$2,776 46
Second ward Scales	258 00
Diamond Scales	186 43
Total	$3,321 42

Received and filed.

STREET RAILWAYS.

Mr. COCHRAN, of the Street Railway Committee, reported in relation to the petition of Capt. Kountz for permission to lay extension of his road from Rebecca street along Craig to Lacock, to connect with his line there, that an ordinance be reported favorably allowing him the privilege. They report adversely to exempting him from keeping the streets over which his lines run in repair, as he asked. Adopted and ordered printed.

Mr. PRICE, of the Wooden Building Committee, reported adversely to making any change in the wooden building law. They also recommend the passage of ordinances granting the trustees of the new Jerusalem Society permission to erect a frame church corner of Isabella and Sandusky streets. Also to D. N. Rankin to erect frame carriage house and stable, corner of Manhattan and Hamilton streets. Received and prayer of petitioners granted, and ordinances passed.

NEW GAS LAMPS.

Mr. BROWN of the Gas Committee reported a resolution for gas lamps and posts as follows:

Corner of South Avenue and Snow en street, South avenue and Sturgeon street, Third alley and East street, and on Sandusky street, midway between Ohio and South Diamond street; Sandusky street, midway between Allegheny avenue and Bidwell street.

Balance of appropriation $7,812.71. Received and resolution for the lamp posts adopted.

Mr. COOKE reported the expenditures for the Printing Committee for April. Accepted and filed.

Mr. HASTINGS reported the expenditures for the Fire Engines Committee for April. Accepted and filed.

Mr. HASTINGS, an ordinance for the paving and grading of Kerr street and Refuge street, Ninth ward. Referred to Street Committee.

SELLING IN THE MARKETS.

Mr. GRAHAM, resolution instructing the Market Committee to report an ordinance prohibiting the sale in the Market House of teas, canned fruits, groceries, and other merchandise. Referred to Market Committee.

Mr. WEAVER, resolution for fire engine in the Ninth ward. Referred to Fire Engine Committee.

The chair then made the following announcement of appointment of new members to committees:

KREILING on Survey, Fire Engines and Gas.

BROWN on City Property, Markets and Finance.

SHELLER on Markets, Gas and Poor Farm.

Unfinished business from Select Council was then taken up and concurred in.

New Select Council business was then taken up and all concurred in, except

An ordinance for a lateral sewer on Ledlie street, which in Select Council passed. C. C. laid over.

An ordinance for a main sewer on Perry street. Passed in S. C. C. laid over.

Report of Survey Committee accepted in S. C. Non-concurred and referred back to the Committee.

A resolution was presented instructing the viewers on Humboldt to delay any further work until the width of the street is established. Passed.

Adjourned.

THE COURTS.

Yesterday's Proceedings.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—JUDGE MCCANDLESS.

Messrs. Palmer & Beymer, who filed a petition in bankruptcy against R. B. Edgar, asked and obtained leave to withdraw the same. Mr. Edgar then filed a voluntary petition asking to be adjudged a bankrupt. The usual order was made.

Marshal Hall, provisional assignee of S. H. Baird, presented a report which was approved. The marshal was directed to pay to the assignee appointed the balance in his hands.

The grand jury found true bills in the following cases: United States, vs. Mathias Golden, two indictments for passing counterfeit money. United States vs Perry Johnson, two indictments for passing and attempting to pass counterfeit money. United States vs. A. D. Reno, charged with acting as pilot without procuring a license. United States vs. Reese Jenkins and Wm. M. Edgar, indicted for stealing United States mail keys. United States vs. John Mardis, indicted for passing and having in his possession counterfeit National Bank notes. United States vs. John McKinley, same offense. United States vs. R. E. Devoe, indicted for a similar offense.

The first case called up was that of the United States vs. Samuel Williams. This defendent is a young man not more than eighteen years of age, who is charged with stealing letters containing money, from the Post Office at Sharon. His father was Postmaster at the place and a number of letters put into the office, never reached their destination. The result was that suspicion fell upon young Williams which was strengthened by "a decoy letter" and led to his arrest.

The defendent is represented by Messrs. Canahan & Gibson and the Government by District Attorney Hon. H. B. Swoope.

COMMON PLEAS—NO. 1.

[Before Judge Stowe.]

The attention of this Court was exclusively engaged with the case of Bennett vs. Dollar Savings Bank. Judge Stowe delivered the charge to the jury in which he held that the measure of damages, if any were found to be due plaintiff—was the difference between the amount due the bank, with legal costs, and the actual market-able value of the farm at the time it was sold. The jury retired, but up to the hour of adjournment had returned no verdict.

COMMON PLEAS—NO. 2.

[Before Judge Collier.]

The jury is out in the case of Nixon vs. Fleming, an action to recover the value of an oil boat leased to defendant and which was carried away by a flood while in his possession.

Trial List for To-day.

15. Barry vs. Stone.
24. Meister vs. Hood.
26. Gibbs, Russell & Co. vs. Frazier Bros.
37. Hall, Patterson & Co. vs. Walker et al.
39. Harding & Bros. vs. Crawford.
41. The Christian Bad. Pub. Co. vs. Sayd er
42. Williams vs. Rodgers.
43. Love vs. Bell et al.
49. Davis vs. Johnston et al.
50. Siffert for use vs. Faas.
190. Faas vs. Allegheny & Butler Plank Road Co.

DISTRICT COURT—NO. 2.

[Before Judge Kirkpatrick.]

Judge Kirkpatrick delivered the charge to the jury in the slander suit of N. Ballentine against Messrs. Hood, Sheridan, Brown and others. His Honor reviewed the case at length. With the facts, however, our readers are familiar as they have been heretofore set forth in our columns. The jury had not returned when Court adjourned.

Trial List for To-day.

123. Louis Schaefer vs. Jacob Morningstar.
124. The same vs. Wm. Keyser et ux.
194. D. Maley vs. Mary O. Phillips.
174. W. M. Lemington vs. J. F. Walter.
45. Harry Darlington vs. Spencer McKay & Co.
2. Annie B. Dritt vs. W. J. Kane.
4. Mayor, Aldermen, &c., of Allegheny vs. Wm. Chambers.
9. John Mellon, Adm'r, vs. Clement Hoevelerer et al.

BREVITIES.

—A regular meeting of Pittsburgh Councils will be held on Monday afternoon.

—The Great Western Band will give a grand promenade at City Hall in a few weeks.

—The trial of Taylor Strander, for the murder of his wife, is in progress in Wheeling.

—The Mayor's office has been handsomely painted and papered giving it a very neat appearance.

—A horse attached to an empty coal wagon fell dead yesterday afternoon at the corner of Fourth avenue and Wood street.

—Rev. R. T. Price was installed Pastor of the Bellevue Presbyterian church last evening, a large audience being in attendance.

—The mining troubles at Mansfield have been settled by the miners paying the fares of the colored men back to Virginia where they came from.

—A little girl named Mary Schwartz, aged four years, and residing in the Twenty-fifth ward, has wandered from her home, and cannot be found.

—John Davis, one of the Washington County prisoners who escaped with Brideshand, has been recaptured and returned. He was caught at Steubenville, Ohio.

—The funeral yesterday of the late Mrs. Dr. Douglas was the largest we have ever seen. Hundreds were there who could not get in to see the corpse on account of the crowd.

—The Wilkinsburg Annexation Committee met yesterday afternoon and agreed to their report as previously reported. It will be presented to Councils on Monday at their stated meeting.

—The contract for the paving of Ellsworth ave nue has been awarded to the Messrs. Hastings Bros., who will put down a locust block pavement. The contract price is three dollars per square yard.

—Chief Clark, of Allegheny, yesterday received from Karnes City a package containing about four hundred and fifty dollars worth of jewelry, being property recovered that had been stolen by Ann Dugan now in custody.

—The alarm of fire from box 61 about nine o'clock last evening was occasioned by a fire being discovered in McCully's glass house, corner of Sixteenth and Liberty streets. It was extinguished by steamer Niagara No. 2 with very little damage.

—Last evening, Mr. Fairbanks, superintendent of the Associated Press for Pittsburgh, while in the office attending his duties, was suddenly taken ill, and fainted. Medical assistance was summoned and he recovered in a short time but was unable to attend to his duties, and had to be sent to his home in Unionville, Center County, Ohio.

—At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the German American Insurance Company, held at their office yesterday, the following Board of Directors for the ensuing year was elected: J. H Demmler, James Lippincott, J. A. Kaercher, Dan'l. Kinzer, G. H. Meyer, F. D. Geist, Wm. Mazet, H. Freese, H. H. Nieman, Edwin Bindley, H. Ziegler and Jac. Keebler.

—Two young men, named Peter and Wilber, were drowned in a mill pond at Shalersville, O., on Friday evening last. A man named Lewis and young Wilber were out in a boat, when the boat upset, pitching both into the water. Lewis tried to save the young man, but became exhausted and had to regain the shore himself. Young Fox, seeing the peril of Wilber, rushed in and endeavored to save him, but they both were drowned.

—The many friends of Eustace S. Morrow, Esq., City Clerk, will be saddened to learn that death has entered his household and taken an only son. The victim was out an infant, having scarce passed the first year of existence. Some days since the child was prostrated with the small-pox, the ailment being very severe, and leaving but little encouragement from the first, and rendering the demise, which occurred yesterday morning, not altogether unexpected. The grieved and stricken parents will have the heartiest sympathy of multitudes of friends.

POLICE PARAGRAPHS.

Brief Mention of Criminalities.

JOHN MCMAHON has been fined three dollars by Deputy Mayor Irwin for fast driving on Penn avenue.

MARY STOCKTON has made an information before the Allegheny Mayor charging her husband with abandonment. The parties reside at Sewickley. Warrant issued.

OTTO HEID, of Wylie street, had an information made against him yesterday by Meat Inspector Zoeller, charging him with selling unsound veal. The veal was confiscated.

W. H. HAGANS has made an information before Alderman Logan, charging Moses Herrell with obtaining goods under false pretenses. The accused was arrested and in default of two hundred dollars bail was committed for a hearing.

MAYOR BLACKMORE had twenty-five cases to dispose of from the look-up yesterday morning. L. Leuning will luxuriate at Claremont during the summer till the end of the dog days. James Swaney will return to take in a new stock of Pittsburgh "fuel" about the 8th of June.

MRS. ANTHONY GACHENEUR, wife of the saloon keeper who was assaulted on Madison avenue, Allegheny, on Tuesday, and reported in the GAZETTE, has since the discharge of Lane and Bach by the Allegheny Mayor, made another information before Alderman Smith, charging Lane, Bach, Kane, Brown, Murphy, Graham and Snyder with having assaulted her husband and broken her furniture. Warrants issued.

PERSONAL.

—The Mayor was presented yesterday with a very large and handsomely done India ink portrait of himself. It adorns the office.

Arrott & Lockhart, General Insurance Agents, No. 107 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

Do you want security against loss and damage by fire? Insure with Arrott & Lockhart.

Do you want your policies of insurance properly worded and arranged? Insure with Arrott & Lockhart.

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Do you want your losses promptly adjusted and paid? Insure with Arrott & Lockhart.

Arrott & Lockhart represent Fire Insurance capital to the extent of nineteen million dollars ($17,600,000), comprising the best Eastern, Pittsburgh and English companies. Give special attention to manufacturing risks. All losses promptly adjusted and paid. Apply to or address

General Insurance Agents,

ap29-TF No 107 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

The Weed Sewing Machine is adjustable to any kind of work. 116 Market street.

The Weed Sewing Machine is sold on terms to suit the times—easy payments. For particulars call at 116 Market street.

ADDITIONAL MARKETS.

LIVE STOCK.

CHICAGO, May 8.—Cattle: Receipts 2,476; market very quiet; no light steers sold at $5@5 15; good $5 35@5 50; choice do; stockers $4 25@4 75; shipments 1,846. Hogs: receipts to-day 9,700; market active and firm; a shade higher; $4 10@4 30 for common to choice; most sales at $4 20@4 25; shipments 2,000. Sheep: receipts to-day 800; market quiet and steady; $5@6 50 for fair to extra.

BALTIMORE, May 8.—Receipts of cattle to-day 1,267; sales 1,203; rest on sale ranged from 6@7½c; weak; a great many cattle unsold; extra 7½c; fair to fine 6½@7c; medium or good fair quality from 4½@6c; fair to fine supply but moderate demand; sales of 800 to 900 head Thursday. Hogs: receipts 2,829; sales 2,829 head; 5 @5 25; demand fair; sheared ranged from 5@5½c; and wooled from 6@6½c.

ALEXANDER AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 136 FOURTH AVENUE, Corner of Wood's Theatre, Second floor. Metallic Burial Cases, Coffins and Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Aerial Hearse and Carriages. Open day and night. Hearses and Carriages furnished.

CRODY PATTERSON, Jr., UNDERTAKER, 147 FOURTH AVENUE. Coffins and Funeral Furnishing Goods of every description. Terms cash.

Oldest Ins. Co. in America, ASSETS, $3,212,175.99. Insurance Co. of North America OF PHILADELPHIA. Losses adjusted and paid promptly. WM. L. JONES, 84 Fourth ave. ja16-125

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CARPETS. CARPETS. NEW STOCK.

Fine English Body Brussels, New Styles English Tap Brussels, New 3-Ply Carpets—new styles, Choice Styles 2 Ply Carpets, Very large stock Ingrain Carpets, Rag Carpets, Cottage Carpets, Hemp Carpets, Irish Brussels Carpets, Door Mats, Hearth Rugs, Floor Oil Cloth, Stair Oil Cloth, Lace Curtains, and Cornices, Stair Rods, Window Shades, &c.,

All at the very Lowest Prices.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

DUNLAP & SNAMAN,

136 Federal Street, Allegheny.

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.

SELLER & GOTTHOLD.....Lessees and Managers.

The accomplished Actress and Vocalist,

Miss Annie Firmin,

And the Eminent Actor,

Mr. John Jack,

Will appear FRIDAY EVENING, May 9, 1873, in Olive Logan's Society Drama, entitled

SERF

Mrs Gen. Noble.....Miss Annie Firmin
Simon Screwmesh.....Mr John Jack
Saturday Maltoe.....John Garth
Mr. Rudolph Wenling.....The swamp Angels."

TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES THEATER (PENN STREET, NEAR SIXTH.)

R. GANSKER & TRIMBLE.....Lessees and Managers.
STILL ANOTHER CROWD OF STARS.
To-night—Fanny Denham, W. A. Rouse, the Child Actor, Sam. White, Tom Harper, the only one-legged Song and Dance performer in the world, Lucy Clinton, Fred and Lizzie Byron, Jack Noon, Sallie Clinton, Emma Klinger, Manchester and Jennings, Archie Mennin, Lucy Clifton, G. W. Herman, &c. The Female Minstrels and a laughable afterpiece.
Ladies' Matinee Wednesday and Saturday.

DIAMOND SAVINGS BANK OF PITTSBURGH.

NO. 6 DIAMOND.

5 Doors Above Fleming's Drug Store.

CAPITAL STOCK - - - - - - - $240,000.

Stockholders Individually Liable.

Interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum Allowed on Time Deposits; Compounded in May and November.

DIRECTORS.

Abraham Garrison, Simon Brahm,
Adam Schmick, A. L. Robinson,
Adam Getty, W. D. Cooper,
Frederick Seidel, Solomon Finance,
William M. Herron,
ABRAHAM GARRISON, President.
JOHN S. SCULLY, Cashier. -TF

RICHARD E. BREED & CO.,

IMPORTERS OF

CHINA

Glass and Queensware,

Britannia and Silver Plated Ware and Table Cutlery.

No. 100 Wood Street.

AUCTION SALES.

HOTEL PROPERTY FOR SALE At Canonsburg, Penna.

That desirable property known as JEFFERSON HALL, at the corner of Main and Turnpike streets, Canonsburg, Washington county, will be sold at

PUBLIC AUCTION,

Thursday, May 29th, 1873, at One O'Clock, P. M.

This is a well known and valuable hotel, THE ONLY ONE in that flourishing town.

Persons desirous of examining the property or of attending the sale can go out on the train leaving Pittsburgh at 8.45 A. M., and return in the evening.

Terms—One-third cash, and the balance in 1, 2 and 3 years, with interest.

For further information inquire of

E. J. MCGOWAN, Controller.

my8:nw78 Penn bank, 118 Wood street.

IN NINTH WARD,

CITY OF ALLEGHENY.

Merchants, Manufacturers, Mechanics,

Look to Your Interests. Here is Your Chance.

Building Sites for Suburban Homes.

The Great Sale of the Season

The efficient Committee of the Home of Refuge have put upon the market a magnificent lot on the north side of Beaver road, connected with the institution, which has been subdivided into BUILDING LOTS, and will be offered at Public Auction in a few weeks.

The Lots are of various sizes, have been skillfully laid out, very beautifully situated, interspersed with fine forest trees, and possess an unsurpassed combination of surroundings conducive to Western avenue cars and Pleasant Valley Railroad, the latter running on a level part on the banks of the Ohio River; the scenery in the neighborhood is equally as beautiful and charming.

The proximity of this very delightful plan of lots to both of our cities, with the easy and rapid means of access, will not fail to commend itself to many of our enterprising citizens.

Due notice of the day of sale will be given.

Plans of lots can be seen and further information received at office of

UNION REAL ESTATE AGENCY,

47½ Federal street, Allegheny.

JAMES W. DRAPE & CO., Auctioneers.

my8:nw77

SALE OF SERVICEABLE AND UNSERVICEABLE

ORDNANCE STORES.

BUREAU OF ORDNANCE, NAVY DEPARTMENT, April 26, 1873.

There will be sold at

PUBLIC AUCTION,

To the highest bidder, at 12 M.,

On THURSDAY, MAY 29, 1873